Spirit of Jefferson.

JAMES W. BELLER,

stown, Jefferson County, Virginia

At \$200 in advance—\$2 50 if paid within the year—or \$300 if not paid until after the expiration of the year.

27 No paper discontinued, except at the option of the publisher, until arrearages are paid. Subscriptions for less than a year, must in all cases be paid in advance.

27 ADVERTMENENTS will be inserted at the rate of \$1.00 per square for the first three insertions, and 25 cents for each continuance. These not marked on the manushelpt for a specified time, will be inserted until forbid, and UHARGED ACOURDINGLY. A liberal discount made to those who nilverise by the year.



THE undersigned has on hand, and manufac-tures to order, at the shortest notice, all de-scriptions of Ladica' and Gentlemen's BOOTS AND SHOES.

Which he will be happy to exhibit to his friends and bustomers—being confident that he can suit all tastes, as he has every variety, and at every

hade in price.

Among the stock on hand will be found—
lingle, Double, Treble and Cork-soled Boots,
coarse Boots for servants, very heavy, large supply; from 3 to 400 pair best coarse Shoes, can't be beat,

be beat,
A variety of Calf and Kip Shoes for men's wear,
Calf, Morocco and Kip Shoes, for ladies.
Boys, misses and children's Shoes, various kinds.
In fact he has on hand the best assortment ever

In fact he has on hand the best assortment ever manufactured in the town or country, and a judicious selection of Ladies wear.

He tenders his thanks to the public for the liberal custom thus far bestowed upon him, and expects from his desire to please, to receive continued evidences of approbation.

He will at all times make to order any description of work in his line at the very shortest notice.

JAS. McDANIEL, Agent.

October 22, 1847.

SAPPINGTON'S HOTEL.

ROM the liberal encouragement extended to the proprietor, he has been induced to add to this establishment nine new and very commodious rooms; he is therefore prepared to entertain in a very comfortable manner many more visiters and boarders than heretofore,—and while he continues to keep his house in the same style, hopes to merit and receive the same generous abare of only merit and receive the same generous share of pub

plied as usual, with all the delicacies of our va-rious seasons, and his Bar shall always be sup-plied with the best Wines, Brandies, (foreign and Domestic) and other Liquors of superior quality. He has also erected additional stalls to his sta-ble, where an abundant supply of Hay, Oats and

Corn may always be found.

THacks, Carriages, Buggies and careful Drivers, always ready for the accommodation of visit ers.

GEORGE W. SAPPINGTON. Charlestown, Oct. 15, 1847.

NOW FOR BARGAINS.

HAVE now received my supply of Gentlemen's Fall and Winter Goods, consisting of Cloths, Cassimeres, Sattinetts, Tweeds, Vestings, &c., of every color, quality and price, together with a large assortment of Tailor's Trimmings, which I am determined to sell lower than the same quality of Goods can be bought for at any other establishment in the county. I have also received the latest report of the Fall and Winter Fashions: I am therefore prepared to furnish all kinds of Gentlemen's Wearing Apparel on much better terms than they can be procured elsewhere in the county. All who are in want of Clothing are respectfully invited to call and examine my stock before they supply themselves.

JAMES CLOTHIER.
Charlestown, Oct. 15, 1847.

Charlestown, Oct. 15, 1847.

N. B.—All kinds of Garments cut and made to order, as heretofore, at the shortest notice and on the most liberal terms, and always warranted to

Opposite the U. S. Pay Office, Harpers-Ferry, Va.

THE subscribers would respectfully inform the public that they keep constantly on hand a general assortment of

Ready-Made Clothing,

Rendy-Made Clothing,
such as Superfine black Cloth Dress and Frock
Coats, Cassimere and Cassinet do., Pilot Cloth
Over Coats, Fine Cloth do., Cloaks of every quality, Vests from 75 cents up to \$5, Pantaloons of
every price and quality, Shirts of all kinds, Under
Shirts and Drawers, a general assortment of Silk
Hdkfs, Suspenders, Hats and Caps, Boots and
Shoes, Umbrellas, Canes, Breast Pins, &c., which
we are determined to sell at the very lowest
prices. Call and see your humble servants.

Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 17, 1847—3m.

N. B.—A general assortment of Children's
Clothing, which will be sold cheaper than the stuff
can be purchased in Jefferson county. W. & B.

Chothes, Cassimocres and Vestings.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings. A VERY extensive assortment of French and English Cloths; Tweeds, Beaver and Pilot Cloths; French and American Cassimeres, with a large and splendid assortment of Vestings of every description; all of which we offer on the lowest terms.

MILLER & BRO. lowest terms.
Oct. 8, 1847.

Flannels, Linseys and Cassinetts.

Flannels, Linseys and Cassinetts.

ELANNELS at all prices, Domestics do.

Merino Undershirts,

Plaid and Fulled Linseys,
Heavy Tweeds and Cassinets,
With many other goods for cold weather that
will make our customers and friends comfortable.

Oct. 15. GIBSON & HARRIS.

Groceries and Liquors.

A LARGE stock with some extra good Old, Madeira and Port Wines.

Oct. 15. Gisson & Harris.

New Goods.

JUST received and now opening, a large assortment of Hard-ware, Cutlery, Saddlery, Groceries, Woodware, Sieves, Paints of all kinds, Spices, and a great variety of Fancy Articles.—
Please call and see them.

T. RAWLINS.

Groceries.
SUGAR, Coffee, Tea, Sugar-house Molasses,
Sugar Crackers, Palverized Sugar, Pepper,
Alapice, Cinnamon, &c., very cheap.
Oct. 8.
T. RAWLINS.

Entest Style Hats and Caps.
UPER Silk, Beaver and Wool Hats, Gents and
Boy's Plush, Cloth, Glazed and Hair Caps,
sale by CRANE & SADLER.



Deboted to Rews, Politics, Agriculture, General Miscellany and Commercial Intelligence.

VOL. 4.

CHARLESTOWN, FRIDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 12, 1847.

PROSPECTUS

THE DEAD.

The sunlight gilds the walls
Of kingly sepulchres convought with brass;
And the long shadow of the cypress falls
Athwart the common grass.

There was the eloquent tongue;
The poet's heart; the sage's soul was there;
And loving women with their children young,
The faithful and the fair.

They were, but they are not; Suns rose and set, and earth put on her bloom, Whilst man, submitting to the common lot, Went down into the tomb.

The living of gone time
Builded their glorious cities by the sea,
And awful in their greatness eat sublime,
As if no change could be,

CONGRESSIONAL REGISTER.

WITH the commencement of the 30th Congress, we propose to continue the Congressional Register on the same plan as published during the last session. It will contain a full and accurate report of the business proceedings of Congress, together with sketches of the debates which take place in each house. The next Congress will be one of the most important which has assembled for years, and it is our determination to give to the people a complete history of their proceedings, and as such a Low FRICE that every person who takes an interest in the acts of that body can procure a copy. It is fillieved that the let session of the 30th Congress will continue at least Right MONTHS; and we therefore propose to lesse weekly, on a mammoth sheet, octave form, their proceedings at the unprecedented low rate of ONE DOLLAR PER COPY FOR THE SESSION. ONE DOLLAR PER COPY FOR THE SESSION

The weekly Union for the Session THIS publication is not only the CHEAPEST, but it contains more valuable reading matter than is to be found in any other Weekly published at the same price in the country. Besides the politics of the day, it contains all the LATE AND IMPORTANT NEWS, both FOREIGN and DOMESTIC; and its COMMERCIAL ARTICLES are not equalled. It will also contain a complete SYNOTTICAL SUMMARY of the proceedings of both Houses of Congress and be furnished to subscribers at the low rate of ONE DOLLAR AND TWENTY-FIVE

CENTS PER COPY FOR THE SESSION.

Clubs will be furnished with ten copies for \$10.
All subscriptions must be paid in advance.
Postmarks, by sending us five subscribers for either of the above publications, will be entitled to one copy

Subscription price of Daily Union per year,
Subscription price of Semi-Weekly, published
11-weekly during the sessions of Congress
Subscription price of Weekly,
Clubs will be furnished with
5 copies of the Daily for
5 do Semi-weekly

Distant Subscribers may forward us money by letter, the postage on which will be paid by us, and all risk assumed by ourselves in its safe transmission.

Postmasters are authorized to act as our agents; and by sending us five Daily subscribers with \$50 enclosed, or five Seemi-Weekly subscribers with \$50 enclosed, or five Seemi-Weekly subscribers with \$10 enclosed, or five Weekly subscribers with \$10 enclosed, will be entitled to one copy of the same edition as they furnish us subscribers for, GRATIS.

NOTICE.—Newspapers, by publishing our prospectus, with this notice attached, until the 1st of December next, will receive, during the next session of Congress, the Congressional Register and Tri-Weekly Union.

House and Lots for Sale.

House and Lots for Sale.

THE subscriber offers at private sale, a long through the South Lorner of his Farm and immediately upon the road leading from Charlestown to Shepherdstown, and also a more road running from the Old Furnace to Martinsburg. These Lots are desirable locations for mechanics, as they are in a rich and thickly settled neighborhood. One of the lots has upon it a good and comfortable Dwelling House with a Kitchen in the basement. Persons desiring a comfortable and healthy location will do well by calling on the subscriber on the premises. Terms moderate.

Oct. 15, 1847—tf.

FALL & WINTER STYLES.

Great Bargains and no Mistake THE undersigned has just returned from the East, and has now on hand at his Merchant Tailoring Establishment, a few doors from Ent-ler's Hotel, Shepherdstown, every variety of Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts,

Vestings, &c.,

THE undersigned having rented Mr. Jacob
Vanmetre's Mill. on the Long Marsh, formerly occupied by Mr. Edward Hart, has had it fitted
up in the best manner, and is now ready to receive all kinds of Country grinding, which will
be done at the shortest notice. He has also made
arrangements with Mr. Wm. R. Seevers to grind
Plaster for him, so that he will always have that
article on hand to exchange for Plaster in the
lump with those who desire it.

October 8, 1847—6t.

October 8, 1847—6t.

Opposite the U. S. Pay Office, Harpers-Ferry, Va.

Opposite the U. S. Pay Office, Harpers-Ferry, Va.

Shepherdstown, Oct. 23, 1847—6t.

Shepherdstown, Oct. 23, 1847—6t. the same. JOHN S Shepherdstown, Oct. 22, 1647—6t.

J. RANDOLPH TUCKER,

ATTOBMETAIT LAW:
Winchester, Virginia,
WILL practice in the Superior and Inferior
Courts of Frederick, Jefferson, Clarke and
Berkeley Counties.
Winchester, Oct. 1, 1847—tf.

DB. J. D. STABBI, HARPERS-FERRY, VA., OFFERS his Professional Services to the pub

He may be found at Abell's Hotel. Harpers-Ferry, Sept. 17, 1847—3m.

SAMUEL J. MOORE,

Charlestown, Jefferson County, Virginia,
Will practise in the Courts of Jefferson and
the adjoining counties.
He can be found in the Clerk's Office of the
County Court Aug. 27, 1847—3m.

J. GREGG GIBSON, M. D., RESPECTFULLY offers his services to the public. He is still associated with Dr. J. J. H. Straith, and will always have the benefit of his instruction and counsel. Unless professionally absent, he may be found at all hours at Dr. Straith's office or at Carter's Hotel.

July 30, 1847—6m.

NEW AND BEAUTIFUL GOODS.

A T the Old Stand of P. Coons, Harpers-Ferry,
A are now receiving and offering on the most
accommodating terms, a very large and superior
stock of FALL AND WINTER GOODS, Groceries, Queensware, Hardware, Hollowware, &c.
The attention of buyers is particularly invited to
this stock, as Bargains can and will be sold.

P. COONS.

P. COONS, R. H. HOFFMAN.

All perisher erry, occ. 1, 1947.

The Persons knowing themselves indebted to P. Coons, by Book Account, will please settle the ame, either by payment or note. This course is seemed desirable to both parties, as long unsettled, pen accounts, often give much trouble in their ettlement.

Oct. 1, 1847.

G ROCERIES.—Prime Coffee, brown-and loaf G Sugars, Teas, Spices, &c., at Baltimere prices. Call and see. Oct. 23. E. M. AISQUITH.

probable majority against it in the popular branch of the National Legislature, and but a small, and it is to be regretted, not a very harmonious majority in its lavor, in the Senate, it may be called upon to vindicate the past, and will be obliged to support, possibly, for an indefinite period, a distant and difficult foreign war. The existance of the war has received the official sanction of every department of the Government which is required by the Constitution, and it is due to the future fame, as well as present prosperity of this great nation, that it be triumphantly sustained. Whatever may hereafter be the propriety of instituting inquiries into the necessity of its occurrence with a view to the just responsibility to public opinion of our public servants, such an investigation may, at this time, and under existing circumstances, as well as upon principles of sound political morality, as of national expediency, be well regarded as out of season. The war cannot now be concluded with honor, unless we receive from Mexico a just indemnity for the past, and reasonable security for the future. If these be not obtained, the survivors of our gallant strmy, who have, by their deeds of valor, confirmed the respect and compelled the admiration of the world, cannot be brought home without impeachment of the laurels they have so nobly won, nor the memories of the heroic dead shielded from the reflection of having sacrificed their lives in a worse than useless contests. The old man at his door;
The unweaned child murmuring its wordless song;
The boudman and the free, the rich, the poor,
All—all to death belong!

A Tax on Old Bacheloss.—A bill has passed to a third reading in the New York Legislature to tax old bachelors and widowers seven dollars each, the proceeds to be applied to the "aupport and common school education of the poor orphan children of the towns in which such bachelors and widowers shall reside." spicious.

Scarcely ever has the essential welfare of the country been in a more critical condition, or its administration in greater need of the energetic support of those who raised it to power. With a

The Rev. J. N. Maffit has been lecturing at

MR. WEBSTER'S SPEECH. THE MEXICAN WAR, &c.,

From the Washington Union.

From the commencement of the existing war with Mexico, until the present time, the leaders and presses of the federal party have labored with a zeal and a perseverance worthy of a better cause, to impress upon the American people the belief that the President was the author of the war; that he commenced it, by his own act, for the base and anworthy motive of securing his re-election; that, having been commenced by the President, by his own wanton and unauthorized act, the war is unconstitutional; that Congress chacted a "lie," (to use their own "decent" phrase,) when it voted that "war existed by the act of Mexico;" that Mexico is the wronged and injured party; and some of them go so far as to say that we should make reparation to that injured nation for the wrongs toe have committed upon her. This has been the constant clamor of the federal press since the war began; it was the burden of the speeches of the advocates of Mexico in Congress, some of them being the very men who voted this "lie" which they now so vehemently repudiate; and it was the burden of a good share of Mr. Webster's notable speech at Springfield, early in October of the present year.

To apply one of the expressions of his own

And the second s

act of annexation, to ascertain precisely what were the rightful limits of Texas.

But we do not rest the justification of the President upon this ground. We contend, and will endeavor to show, that the territory of Texas didrightfully and actually extend to the Rio Grande: and that, after annexation, that portion of it between the Nueces and the Rio Grande, being a part of one of the sovereign States of this Union, the President had the right not only to send the troops of the United States there, but it was his constitutional duty to defend it from invasion by the troops of a foreign power.

To austain this proposition, we first cito the acts of Mexico herself, or of those of her agents who were clothed with her authority, and acted in her behalf.

We first begin with Santa Anna. After the defeat of this Mexican hero at the ever-memorable battle of San Jacinto, Santa Anna and his generals, then prisoners in the hands of the Texans, on the 14th day of May, 1830, entered into a treaty with David G. Burnet, he President of Texas, in which he acknowledged the independence of that revolted province, and agreed that her southwestern boundary should be the Rio Grande, from the moult to its source, and thence north to latitude 42 degrees. The following are the principal stipulations of the treaty:

"Articles of agreement and rolemn compact made and adopted by David G. Burnet, President

of the republic of Texas, and the undersigned, members of the cabinent thereof, on the one part; and Don Antonio Lopez de Santa Anna, President of the republic of Mexico, and Don Vicente Filisola, general of division, Don Jose Urrea, Don Joaquin Ramires y Sesmo, and Don Antonio Gaoma, generals of brig des of the army of Mexico.

"4th. That the President, Santa Anna, in his official capacity as chief of the Mexican nation, and the generals D on Vicente Filisola, Don Jose Urrera, Ibon Joaquin Ramires y Sesmo, and Don Antonio Gaona, as chiefs of armies, do solemly acknowledge, senotion, and ralify the full, entire, and perfect independence of the republic of Texas with such boundaries as are increater set forth and agreed upon for the same."

Article 5th stipulates for the boundary abovementloned; and other articles atipulate for the return of Santa Anna to Mexico, and the release of the officers and soldiers of the Mexican army, captured at San Jacinto, amounting to 4,000 men, who were all permitted to return to Mexico.

Now, against this treaty, it cannot be objected that Santa Anna had no authority to make it; for the reason, that he was at that time not only the President but the dictator of Mexico.

Nor can it be objected against the validity of the treaty, that Santa Anna had no authority to make it; for the reason, that he was at that time not only the President but the dictator of Mexico.

Nor can it be objected against the validity of the treaty, that Santa Anna havas at that time not only the President but the dictator of Mexico.

Nor can it be objected against the validity of the treaty, that for any only of the treaty of the treaty of the comment of Mexico is of the reason, that he mad the government of Mexico; for the reason, that he mad the government of Mexico; or the reason, that he mad the government of Mexico and therefore became bound, whatever might have been the circumstances under which it was made, upon every sound principle of chics and of law, to fulfil their part of its stipulations. Sant

We also cite the additional facts, that election districts were created by the legislature of Texas between the Nucces and the Rio Grande, the territory which is claimed for Mexico by her adherents in this country; and those districts were represented in that body; also, that the Congress of the United States after annexation had-been consummated, included Corpus Christi, which is beyond the Nucces, within the collection district of Galveston—the bill for the purpose having been reported by John Davis, of Massachusetts, from the Committee on Commerce of the Senate. Congress also passed a law establishing a mail route to Corpus Christi, within the limits of the disputed territory. (See acts of the 2d sess. 2Rth Cong.)

We have thus proved that Texas claimed the Rio Grande as her boundary; that Mexico, by her President, (Santa Anna.) and by Gen. Wol, and Processes the tour commerce of the Senate. Congrand and France, acknowledged the Rio Grande to be the true boundary of Texas; that before it was ceded to Spain, as well as subsequently, the Rio Bravo, or Del Norte, (the Rid

had not the President the right to march the troops of the United States to any part or place on this side of the Rio Grande? And, if invaded by a foreign power, was he not bound by his constitutional obligations to defend that portion of the territory of Texas, and to repel the invaders from it? These questions must be answered in the affirmalive. Now, was there not a sufficient reason for the march of the troops to the Rio Grande? Was there no danger of invasion by the army of Mexico? Did she not threaten war on account of the annexation of Texas? And did she not actually concentrate her troops on the borders of Texas, and finally pass over the Rio Grande, and shy our own citizens on this side of that river?

The affirmative is true of all these questions. Gen. Almonte declared that, his government regarded annexation as equivalent to a declaration of war by the United States against Mexico; and for that cause demanded his passports and returned home. Paredes made war with the United States for the recovery of Texas the ground of his "pronunciamento" against Herrera. And Paredes's Secretary of Foreign Affairs, M. Castillo y Lanzas, in a communication to Mr. Sjidell, declares it to be a casus belli. He thus speaks of the annexation of Texas:

"A fact such as this—or, to speak with streater

chares it to be a casus belli. He thus speaks of the annexation of Texas; "A fact such as this—or, to speak with greater exactness, so notable an act of usurpation—created an imperious necessity that Mexico, for her own honor, should repel it with proper firmness and dignity. The supreme government had beforehand declared that it would look upon such an act as a casus belli; and, as a consequence of this declaration, negotiation was by its very nature at an end, and war was the only recourse sy the Mexican government."

Political Change.—Hon. John P. Robinson, a distinguished member of the Whig party, its Massachusetts, has come out in a strong and emphatic letter in favor of Gen. Caleb Cushing, the Democratic candidate for the Gubernator



CHEATRICESTOWNS

Friday Morning, November 12, 1847

THE NEWS BY THE CALEDONIA. We give to-day extracts of the important news brought by the steamer Caledonia. The cloud that has hung over Great Britain for several months past still becomes darker and more portentions, and the banks are commencing to totter along with the commercial community. Indeed it seems a matter of doubt whether the Bank of England. which has no power to retard the downward progress of the commercial and monetary interests of the nation, will be able to resist the shock. Its suspension seems inevitable, which would complete the commercial distress that prevails. The New York Sun, in reviewing the character of the news and the condition of Great Britain, says :-

"The English government has caught the alarm. With all its immense resources, the present tre-mendous crisis threatens to overwhelm it. Bri-With all its immense resources, the present tre-mendous crisis threatens to overwhelm it. Bri-tish credit lies in ruin, its commercial glory writhes under a blow from which it can nover re tover. The Mayor of Liverpool, attended by a civic deputation, has proceeded to London to re-present the distress of their city at the foot of the throne, and Sir Robert Peel is conferring with similar delegations, to devise, if possible, some means of relief. It is not improbable that the English Government will solicit aid in its extre-mity of the United States. Mr. Bancroft, our Alinister, has already held two interviews with the Chanceller of the English Exchequer, which terly report of the Secretary of the Treasury, end ing the 30th of September, 1846, under the tariff

the Cimucellor of the English Exchequer, which points directly to such an event.

"If such aid is asked, we hope that it will be promptly rendered! What a spectacle for the contemplation of the world. England, the empire upon whose possessions the sun never sets—which a few months since was arbiter of commerce over three-fourths of the globe, and whose merce over three-lourths of the globe, and whose credit was synonymous with 'gold in the hand,' now lies prostrate if not humbled in universal bankruptcy; while the 'United States, a young child just sprang from her loins, saves her from famine—may save her from financial ruin, and at the same time pursues its own high destiny, the absorbing of a continent to freedom." bing of a continent to freedo

NEW YORK ELECTION.

We felt perfectly assured, from the almost un paralleled divisions in our ranks, that we had lit tle to expect, and we are therefore not disappoint ed in the result of the New York Election. But our mortification has not been the less. That a party professing to hold principles in common and desiring the ascendency of those principles should suffer themselves to be divided and distracted by a few disaffected would be leaders, and prove themselves so utterly reckless to the triumph of a cause which they pretend to hold dear, is to us passing strange!

We care not for the attempt of Mr. Ritchie to appease the North, or his attempt at Presidentmaking, or his supposed dissimulation; for these things, even if they be true, afford not the shadow of a justification for those who have been the instruments of overthrow in the Empire State .-And for our part, we would not give a fig for the Democracy of those who, for the raillery of John Van Buren and such like, would consent to the defeat of their party and the prostration of their principles. We may be told of a private clique at Albany ruling the State without a first regard to an equality of rights, but we can find in this no apology for divisions. These cliques, we confess are bad enough, and we of Virginia may have had some cause to deprecate the influence and power of a similar kind, but this we know also, that if the mass of the party desire unanimity, we have never known a clique to be able to oppose to the attaining of the object, one serious impediment.— But the disaffection of Martin's son may possibly se found to have had an origin in causes anterior to the present canvass. He may have recollected father lost his own State in 1840-that bornly refused to vote at all? Just look at Hunannexation of Texas in 1814—that the warm friends of his father in Virginia, amongst whom was the venerable Editor referred to, and the warmest friends of the Republican cause, fearing again the popularity of Mr. Van Buren, took ef ticient steps to throw the Virginia Delegation to the Baltimore Convention into a channel adverse to the nomination of Mr. Van Buren. And .is recollections may not have been unaccompanied with a suitable portion of malice. Now if our premises be correct, his vituperative effort the Herkimer Convention is accounted for, with show, at least, we think, of plausibility. But we dismiss the subject, by merely adding that we have no fears for 1848. The Wilmot Proviso will have operated, we hope, its own quietus before the Democracy will again be called on to sustain the

MR. CLAY AND THE PRESTDENCY. The delegates lately elected by the Whigs of Connecticut to the National Convention, are all for Mr. Clay. 'The Washington Union refers to this and an article in the Lexington (Ky.) Observer, in which the fact that Mr. Clay has " never said, in terms, that he would not consent to be a candidate for the Chief Magistracy unless called to the office by the general acclamation of all paries," is significantly put forth. The Union

cause of Republicanism.

"Who can recoilect the theatre from which this oracle utters its revelations—and not see beneath all this the plan of the Whig campaign, and who can doubt the authoritative source from which it tarrows its emanations? Therefore we feel no difficulty in believing that, in all probability, Mr. Clay is to be brought again in the field as the candidate of the Whig party and the champion of their faith. It is also clear that Gen. Taylor must undergo the ordeal of a National Convention, and that he must proclaim his political principles before he gets the nomination."

The Lexington Observer, received last night,

dergo the ordeal of a National Convention, and that he must proclaim his political principles before he gets the nomination."

The Lexington Observer; received last night, also contains a call for a public meeting, to take place next Saturday, and adds:—

"We are authorized to say that Mr. Clay will address the meeting on the subjects of the existing War with Mexico, the conquest of Mexico, its annexation to the United States, &c., and will present resolutions for the consideration of the meeting."

Reciprocity with Brazil.—The President has issued his proclamation, suspending and discontinuing duties of tomage and import in the ports of the United States, so far as respects vessels and merchandize of Brazil, satisfactory assurances having been given that that Power had anrances having been given that that Power had gr The Whig State Convention of Connections the same in relation to American vessels.

PACTS VS. WHIG PREDICTIONS. We publish below, says the Lynchburg Republican, the official report of the Secretary of the Treasury for the first quarter of the first fiscal year under the Demacratic revenue Tariff, from which it will be seen, that the revenue derived from customs alone, from the Both of June to the

30th of September, was \$11,070,000 and that the whole amount of evenue arising from all sources during the same period, exceeded \$17,000,000.— The expenditures for the same quarter amounted o \$14,700,139 89. What a striking commentary are these simple

facts and figures, upon the woeful vaticinations of the panic makers some twelve months since, repecting the practical operation of the new tariff: OFFICIAL. TREASURY DEPARTMENT, October 30.

The receipts into the Treasury during the quar-ter ending the 30th of September, 1847, were, as nearly as can now be ascertained: From customs
de lands
do miscellaneou
do loan of 1846
do loan of 1847

817,171,130 The exp mitures during the same period were—Civil niscellaneous, and foreign interber. From the complexion of the returns, as far course On account of the army, &c. \$9,186,406; for do Indian Department 109,153 81,120,4536 received, we should judge that the State had given an increased majority for the Democrats throughout. Judge Epaph Ransom, of Kalamazoo, was their candidate for Governor.

But this is not all, the practical operation of the

ew tariff, as contrasted with the much vaunted

tariff of 1842 for the corresponding quarter in 1846

presents the most gratifying results, and trium-phantly vindicates that much abused and misre-

presented measure. We give below, the quar

of 1842-from which it appears that the revenue

derived from customs during the quarter, amount

ed to only \$6,125,000-being very little more than

one-half the amount yielded by the Democratic

tariff of 1846, during the corresponding period in

this year! In the meantime, our exports have

largely exceeded our imports-showing the se

What has become of the boasted predictions of Messrs. Webster, Evans & Co., the truthful fore-

tellers of the wide spread desolation and ruin with

which our happy country was so surely to be vis

ited, in consequence of the operation of the new tariff? The much derided estimates of Mr. Walk

er have been more than sustained, whilst the

boasted predictions of these learned federal finan-

The receipts into the treasury for the quarter

ciers, have been most shamefully falsified:

nding 30th September, 1846, were, viz:

The expenditures for the same period were, viz:

Won'T HAVE IT A WHIG VICTORY .- The N

ork Tribune takes the Express and Courier and

Enquirer to task for claiming a Whig victory in

umph,' pure Whig victory,' Whig tornado,' only

Whig, &c. &c , says Greely-" Is there any ex-

cuse for using language so utterly, notoriously at

that hundreds of bitter Locofocos voted our whole

ticket, while tens of thousands more of them stub-

rford's vote-at that of the seventeenth War

where the Hunker State Ticket has less than

two-fifths of the actual Locofoco vote-and at the

miserably deficient Whig vote throughout the city

We have not polled in all three-fifths of the actua

Whig vote of this Emporium. We have an over-

whelming triumph, simply because our habitual

for them by their Convention-bolting it not be

cause it was Locofoco, but because it was not

What nonsense, then, to talk of the result as a

GEN. TAYLOR COMING HOME .- Official lear

of Absence Granted .- The Washington Union, o

It is understood that Gen. Taylor—who has been absent from his family and private business for more than two years and a half, and during the whole of that time has been engaged in the thost infportant and arduous duties—has asked for leave of absence to return to the United States for six months.

His letter to that effect was received by the

REAPPEABANCE OF THE FAMINE IN IRELAND.

"Last year famine had visited them, and

Saturday night, has the following:

Whig tornado,"

New York. As to the 'untarnished Whig tri

462,627 0

62,006 82

R. J. WALKER.

treasury notes issued under act 22d July, 1846

terest
Redemption of treasury notes which
were purloined, and interest

From customs, about

militia ndian department

ensions aval establishe

called balance of trade to be in our favor.

A special election was also held in the Second District for a member of Congress in place of the late Mr. Bradley, Democrat. No returns as yet. 814,700,139 89 R. J. WALKER, Secretary of the Treasury.

Morris.

timates.

AN IMPORTANT CASE

NEW JERSEY EL

lection in that State last Week.

have carried the legislature by a smaller

3407

We have recently carried democratic governors

y the popular vote throughout the several States, Maryland, Georgia, Pennsylvania, and New

Jersey; and we have also obtained a popular ma-

jority in Ohio, according to the most correct ca-

MICHIGAN ELECTION.

The election of Governor, Legislature, etc., was neld in Michigaff on Monday, the 1st of Novem-

un bonn

The important suit of Martin's devisees vs. udge Tucker, Mackey's estate, and E. J. Smith to which reference was made in our last paper as t'ren pending at Charlottesville, has been decided in favor of the plaintiffs. The Richmond Times.

referring to this case, says: The Court, on Monday morning, the 1st inst The Court, on Monday morning, the 1st inst., entered up a decree against the defendants for the positive amount of some \$29,000, and ordered an account upon principles which may subject them to a further adverse decree of a much larger amount. It is understood that the counsel for the plaintiffs will take the necessary steps for bringing this decision before the Court of Appeals. We are highly gratified to learn that Judge Thompson declared from the bench that, whilst as a Judge, he felt himself compelled to make this decree, yet he must say, as a man, that he did not entertain a doubt that Judge Tucker, in the transactions upon which this suit was based, acted with entertain a doubt that Judge Tucker, in the trans-actions upon which this suit was based, acted with

the most perfect honesty of purpose.

The Charlottesville Advocate says the sum involved amounts, with interest, to \$250,000 or more, and that the case will no doubt be taken to the Court of Appeals.

The importance of this suit, brought together an array of legal ability, never before surpassed i any one case in the history of our Commonwealth The following council were employed, viz:-Messrs. John M. Patton, Conway Robinson and John Thompson, of Amherst, for the plaintiffsand Messrs. James M. Mason, James Marshall S. S. Baxter, J. R. Cooke, G. N. Johnson and W J. Robertson, for the defendants. Messrs. Mason and Marshall, of Winchester, are said to have made the greatest forensic efforts they ever be place them among the first and most distinguish d lawyers of our State.

THE "EXAMINER."

We have received the first No. of this nev Democratic paper, recently started at Richmond Va., by Messrs. DE WITT & WRIGHT. It is of the largest size, beautifully printed, and altogether a most attractive looking sheet. As to its politi cal predilections, the editors in their opening ad-

dress, say : "Confiding in the honesty, capacity and fidelit "Confiding in the honesty, capacity and fidelity of the present national Administration, we shall extend to it a cordial and fiearry support. Upon the great political questions which have so long divided this country, it has faithfully redeemed the pledges that brought it into power; and the wisdom, firmness and patriotism which have marked its general course, entitle it to the confidence of the American people without regard to party. Thus believing, it will be our duly to defend it against the assaults of the opposition, whether those assaults be made upon the Administration for its vigorous prosecution of a just war with a foreign enemy; or for its faithful adherence to the true principles of our Government on questions of domestic policy.

For the next Presidency, we are willing to pledge ourselves to support any good and true man—good and true on every leading question, including that of slavery—who may be the choice of a majority of our political friends in a Convention representing the Republican party of the United States. Such a man shall find in us a realous advected. zealous advocate, no matter in what quarter the Union he may reside."

adversaries would not vote the Ticket made up The "Examiner" is to be published Ser Weekly and Weekly, the former at four and the latter two dollars per annum. payable in advance. 07 We clip the following paragraph from the

Richmond Republican of Friday : A distinguished Whig of Pennsylvania thu writes to a brother Whig in New York—

"In my judgment the position which Gen.
Taylor has assumed in the very best and strongest
he could have taken, and any change would but
weaken and degrade it. With Taylor the Whigs
must triumph—without him they must fail.—
They have their choice—victory or defeat."

The meaning of this cannot be mistaken. His letter to that effect was received by the Adjutant General yesterday evening, in the course of which, Gen. Taylor states that he thinks, in consequence of the present character of the war, his services may not be wanted at this time. He purposes to remove to Matamoras early this month, where he awaits the answer of the government and expresses a desire to be in New Orleans by the 1st of December.

We understand the leave of absence has been granted to him; and we have no doubt that, if events should arise to call for his services on the frontier, he will fly to place himself at the head of his gallant army. The Whigs cannot hope for success upon a fai avowal of their principles and designs. Their only chance is to rally to the standard of a " mili tary chieftain," who positively refuses to commi himself in favor of any of their measures. To secure a Whig victory, they are compelled to se lect a man who positively refuses to come unde the crushing weight of Whig principles! Oh

the consistency and independence of Whiggery!
[Richmond Examiner. MASSACHUSETTS ELECTION.—The N. Y. paper Tuesday morning contain partial returns, b in Dublin, Oct. 4, Mr. Scully, representative of Monday, for Governor and Lacialation day, for Governor and Legislature. There the county of Tipperary, in Parliament, on tak-ing the chair, said: a largely increased vote. The Legislature is undoubtedly Whig in both branches. The Whig

majority in Boston is 1,114 over all others. CHESAPEAKE AND OHIO CANAL .- The George own Advocate states that the boats will be enable to pass down the canal, from the 20th to the 21st | conjecture. The expense to the Government, and instant, should the weather continue favorable for repairing the breaches.

THE POPULAR VOTE IN OHIO.—The Ohio Statesman publishes a table from official sources of the popular vote in that State at the recent election, taking the Senate and Representative ticket. The aggregate is 105,385 democratic, 103,822 whig, and 4,379 abolition. Democratic plurality over whig. 1,563. ver whig, 1,563.

Ex-Governor McDowell, who has but recontly lost his beautiful and accomplished lady, takes out with him, it is said, letters of recall to a resorted to be daynerously ill.

Mr. Lester, the present Consul: reported to be dangerously ill.

uier County, had a beaut sion, and other interesting ceremonies, on Satur day last. The Brethren from Snickeraville, Mid on, Front Royal, Luray, &c., we generally in attendance, and from the neat rega of the Order, their appropriate Banners, and of signia peculiar to the Sons of Temperance, gav to the procession an imposing appearance. The Orator of the occasion was the Rev. Mr. Camr-BELL, of Strasburg, Shenandoah County. delivered a most able and eloquent address, and in a manner so appropriate, and with aftervor so nomination and a second worthy of his cause, that his figures and his facts doubtless found a lodgment in the hearts of many, who were heretofore skeptical as to the benefi resulting from this worthy and philanthropic institution. We learn that the various Divisions throughout Loudoun and Fauquier, as indeed in the whole State, are rapidly on the increase .-Many of the prodigals of poor, frail humanity, are being rescued from the thraldom Intemperance

yond hope. There will be a Dedication at Warrentor on to-day, (Friday,) and a Procession, &c., at Woodstock on to-morrow, (Saturday.) Mr. THOMAS M. GALLY, known to many of our citizens as an able Temperance advocate, is to deliver the address at the latter place. The Brethren of the Order are cordially invited by the Committee of Arrangements, to be present at Warrenton as well as Woodstock, and to take part in the interesting ceremonies.

whose reformation was almost considered be

"THE CONSTITUTION."

We acknowledge our indebtedness to the Hon Jas. M. Mason, for a neat volume with the above title, by W. Hickey, Esq. This is a work of great value, and the U. S. Senate, in consideration of its merits, and the great advantages to be for gratuitous distribution. The work embraces among other matters equally interesting, the Constitution of the United States of America, with an alphabetical analysis; the Declaration of Independence; the prominent political acts of Geo. Washington; Electoral Votes for all the Presidents and Vice Presidents; the high authorities and civil officers of Government, from March 4, 1789, to March 3, 1847; Chronological Narrative of the several States; and other interesting matters; with a descriptive account of all the Papers, Public Documents, and other sources of Political and Statistical information at the Seat of Government.

FROM MEXICO. We give place to-day to two letters, from ember of the Jefferson Company of the Virginia Regiment. They will doubtless be found of interest to many, though much of the intelligence given may have before met the eye of our readers. The health of the Jefferson Company, as indeed the whole Regiment, is good, and officers and men only complain that they have no opportunity o participating in the glorious deeds which are being performed by our valiant troops. Col. Hamfore achieved, and which, alone, would serve to tramck having been promoted, temporarily, to the command of a Brigade, Col. Randolph has the imediate command of the Virginia Regiment.

LARGE TURNIPS. We have been presented by Mr. WM. CONKLYN, with two mammoth Turnips, grown by him the present season on the "Lee Farm." in this county One weighed 7 lbs. 14 oz., and measured 274 in in circumference; the other 7 lbs. 91 oz., and

measured 29 inches. BIBLE DESTITUTION.

The Rev. JOHN POISAL, Agent of the Virginia Bible Society, delivered two very happy discour ses in our town on Sunday last, in the furtherance of the spread of the Gospel. Mr. P. is a most pleasing speaker, and his remarks were of a most interesting character-portraying in vivid colors the great destitution, among families, even in this good Old Commonwealth, of the Bible !-Mr. P. stated that in Virginia alone, there were upwards of fifteen thousand families without the Scriptures f A collection was taken up in the Churches and among our citizens, and we are to aid the laudable mission in which Mr. Poisa is engaged:

An order has passed the Town Council, direct ng the owners of town property, on the North side of Main Street, from McElroy's corner to Brown's Row, to pave in front of their lots to a certain width. Also, on Congress street, from Easterday's corner to Mrs. Bunn's. The attention of those desiring Flag Stones is directed to the advertisement of Mr. C. G. Brago in another column, who is prepared to furnish a good article from his quarry.

The friends of the Berryville Road should bear in mind the meeting on Monday, at the Court House in Charlestown. The meeting will be one of organization, and we hope many will come prepared to make a liberal subscription to the Stock yet to be taken. The Road should not, must not, be suffered to go down, for the paltry sum yet necessary to carry it through.

B. F. WASHINGTON, Esq., has been appointed a Member of the Town Council, in the room of Mr. C. R. STARRY, resigned.

University of Vincinia .- We learn from the Charlottsville Jeffersonian, that on the 13th of October there were 187 students at this institution -24 more than the whole number last year .-The Jeffersonian anticipates an additional number sufficient to increase the list of students for this session to 210 or 220.

The Jeffersonian says: "The people of Virginia should be proud of their noble University. and we are glad to know that the present session will fully attest their appreciation of the high fame of its eminent professors, and the value they put upon the benefits conferred upon the State by the instructions of the able and talented Faculty of the University of Virginia.

The Freemont trial is still in progress a Washington. When it will end none can ever the interruption of duties which should be per formed, will hardly be counterbalanced by any good which may result from the proceedings .-The character of Freemont needs the verdict of no Court Martial to vindicate it; his own brilliant achievements have done that already.

Col. McPHERSON of Page, the U. S. Consu to Genoa, sailed on Tuesday week in the Monte-zuma from New York for his destination. He

HENRY CLAY AND GEN. TAYLOR

The Lexington (Ky.) Observer places Henry Clay again in the field for the Presidency, and takes issue with the Nashville Whig, which paper advocates the election of Gen. Taylor. The article discusses the chances of both gentlemen, and coming from Mr. Clay's own home, it is clear, as the Union remarks, that, let Mr. Clay be called by the Whig National Convention from "the vasty deep," he will come tohen called. It is also clear that Gen. Taylor must undergo the ordeal of a National Convention, and that he must proclaim his political principles before he gets the LATEST FROM MEXICO.

The news from the city of Mexico is not of much importance. Gen. Scott was in quiet possession of the Capitol, and nothing had occurred to disturb the tranquility which ensued upon its evacuation by the Mexican Army. Gen. Santa Anna had been re-called to the Presidency, and restored to the position which he had resigned as Commander-in-Chief of the Army. According to the latest accounts, he was at Huanmantla, a town about half way between Perote and Puebla. but was compelled to make a precipitate retreat from that place, owing to the sudden and unexpected appearance of Gen. Lane withhis reinforcements for the main army under Major General

The Mexican Congress had not assembled, and as all accounts agree that the war fever was still raging in the interior with its wonted violence, the prospect of peace was believed to be as far off

DEATH OF A VOLUNTEER

A letter from Capt. Rowan informs us (says the Free Press,) of the death of Mr. Vance W. Bush, of Winchester, one of his company, on the 25th of September, of diarrhoa. Mr. Bush was a man of excellent qualities, and performed his duty as derived from a general circulation among the peo-ple, subscribed for some several thousand copies mother, several relatives, and many friends, t mother, several relatives, and many friends, to mourn his early death, and to cherish his memory with affection.

MR. VAN BUREN'S LETTER.

As connected with the political movements the day, we give on our first page the recent letter of Mr. Van Buren, with regard to another Presidential nomination. The general tone of the letter-its author's continued devotion to the great principles of the Republican creed-his love of country and steadfast adherence to that policy which will best subserve the interest and ultimate triumph of the party with which he has so long been identified as one among its ablest and most honored champions—are well worthy of the high-est commendation. The "Union" in giving place to this letter, remarks :

"There are one or two expressions in the letter which we should be glad to have seen omitted, but there are many strong passages which command our strongest and fullest concurrence. Like Mr. Van Buren, we deprecate all inordinate aspirations after the Presidency on the part of any man, or of any man's friends—the arter of next insu-

after the Presidency on the part of any man, or of any man's friends—the ardor of partisans—the sacrificing of the public duties of Congress to President-making, and all the political schemes and intrigues which it is calculated to produce.—These must be suppressed, if attempted, by the force of public opinion and of the press; or the public interests must grievously suffer—the war must languish—the just indemnity for the past and reasonable security for the future' cannot be obtained—the war cannot be concluded with horior—the laurels of its heroes will be tarnished.

"We agree with Mr. Van Buren perfectly in the noble sentiment he expresses, that, rising above all little personal ambition, all sinister influences, the friends of the aspirants must 'limit their rivalship to the wisdom and efficacy of their efforts to extricate their country' from all her difficulties. Uncommitted as we are to any man for the Presidency, we, for one, pledge our best efforts to carry out this declaration of Mr. Van Burren. The only road to the succession is to serve the country, to take care of her interests; to prove, by your public acts, that you possess the prove, by your public acts, that you possess the wisdom, the energy, the qualifications to serve her, and not descend to factious coalitions, and to miscrable intrigues to elevate yourself."

Pursuant to previous notice, a large and respectable meeting of the citizens of Shepherdstown and its vicinity, was held at the Town Hall, to consider the propriety of erecting a Bridge over the Potomac at that place. On motion of Col. Charles Harper, the Hon. HENRY BEDINGER was called to the Chair, and J. P. A. ESTLYB annotation. ed Secretary.

The object of the meeting was stated by John

The object of the meeting was stated by John M. Jewett, Esq., who also presented the law of the Legislature of Virginia, and suggested that some changes be made in it.

Edmund I. Lee, Esq., being called upon, addressed the meeting upon the object which had brought the citizens of the town and vicinity together, and concluded by offering the following resolutions, which were adopted, viz:

Resolved That the Chair appoint a Committee of five to take the necessary steps to have revised the act of the Legislature of Virginia, passed February 16th, 1821, and suggest such alterations in that Act as the Committee may deem expedient also to prepare a memorial to the Legislatures of Virginia and Maryland, and to procure the passage of such laws as are necessary to have a Bridge built across the Potomac River at or near this place.

this place.

Resolved, That a Committee of five be appointed.

this place.

Resolved, That a Committee of five be appointed by the Chair, whose duty it shall be to collect such facts as will be interesting to the public in relation to this matter, and also to obtain information as to the probable cost of a bridge, whether built of Wood, Stone or Iron, and report at a meeting to be holden on Saturday, November 27th, 1847.

Resolved, That the Chair appoint a Committee of five to confer with the proprietor of the Shepherdstown Ferry, and ascertain from him the price for which he will dispose of his Ferry right.

The Chair appointed the following gentlemen as the Committees under the above resolutions:

1st.—Henry Berry, John M. Jewett, William S. Kerney, W. L. Webb and John H. McEndree.

2d.—A. R. Boteler, Thomas Hammond, David Bilmyre, Vincent M. Butler and Charles Harper.

3d.—Edmund I. Lee, Wm. Short, Daniel Entler, Thomas Hessey, and William Osbourn, (of David.)

David.)
On motion of Jacob Morgan, it was resolve that the proceedings of this meeting be published in the papers of this County, also the papers of Frederick, Hampshire, Shenandoah and Rocking ham Counties, and the papers of Washington and Frederick Counties, Maryland, who are friendly the belief. On motion, the meeting adjourned to meet at the

Town Hall in Shepherdstown, on Saturday, Nov 27th, at 3 o'clock, P. M. HENRY BEDINGER, CA'n.

J. P. A. ENTLER, Sec'y.

HURBAH FOR EAST TENNESSEE.—Gov. Brown's proclamation reached this place (says the Knox ville Tribune of the 28th ultimo) on Saturday last and yesterday four companies were reported to the Quartermaster—two of the original ten, and two

Suffering in England.—A correspondent of the New York Tribune, writing from Liverpool, predicts much suffering and sickness in England, owing to the suspension of business. Many per-sons have been thrown out of employment. There are about 5,000 cases of Typhus Fever in Liver-pool at present—of course, mainly among the pool.

QUICK WORK-A HORSE THIEF.

ordered, and we are still of the same opinion. It appears, however, that the Saturday after his release, he stole another horse in the neighborhood of Harpers-Ferry, and offered a negro half a dollar to convey the horse on the other side of the river. Failing in this, he gave up the project and crossed over himself into Frederick county, Md, where he soon found another, horse to his liking which he accordingly appropriated for his liking which he accordingly appropriated for his own purpose. The law was too swift for him—as h was soon thereafter seized by officers—laken to Frederick, where the Court was in session, tried found guilty, and sentenced for a service of five yaars in the Penitentiary. Thus in the short space of two weeks, Clinton was tried in two States for the same kind of crime—and in one of them finds comfortable quarters for the next five years.—Free Press.

An interesting letter from Mr. GEORGE CAT LIN, who is now in Paris, was read before the New York Historical Society at its last meeting. The following extract will be perused with inter-

est:

"During the two years which I have spent in Paris with my Indian collection, my works have been highly approved by the King, for whom I have painted twenty-five pictures of American scenery and Indian life, which are to be placed in the gallery at Versailles. I have had several interviews with His Majesty, in all of which he has spoken familiarly of his several years of ramble in exile in America in company with his two younger brothers. He has related to me many of the most extraordinary and pleasing incidents of his life, several of which happened while he was travelling in the western part of New York.—
They are full of interest, as matters of history, and well adapted to the pencil. These scenes and well adapted to the pencil. These scenes occurred during the King's travels from Erie to occurred during the King's travels from Erie to Buffalo, to the villages of the Seneca Indians, thence to Canandaigua, paddling his own cance through Seneca Lake to Ithaca, thence on foot, with his knapsack on his back, to the Tioga river, where, having purchased an Indian cance, he descended that river and thence through the valley of Wyoming. He also travelled among the mountains of Pennsylvania and Virginia, and in a cance descended the Ohio and Miesissippi to New Orleans. 'During all the route, he and his companions slept out under the open sky and subsisted upon what they could collect from the river and forest."

SLAVE RIOT IN NEW JERSEY .- The Milita called out.—We learn from the Philadelphia New that the slave case at Mount Holly, N. J., in which

that the slave case at Mount Holly, N. J., in which three colored persons, two men and a woman, were claimed as the property of an individual in Ceoil co., Md., was decided on Wednesday. The court refused to touch the constitutionality of the law, but gave the slaves a trial by jury. David Paul Brown defended the slaves; Mr. Stratton, a lawyer in Mount Holly, was for the owner.

The jury decided that the claim was good, and the court ordered the slaves to be restored to their master. The room was filled with about 300 colored, and 50 white persons. A scene immediately occurred which would have ended seriously but for the timely precaution of the court. The slaves made a rush for the door, assisted by their friends, the colored spectators. The other persons in the court came to the aid of the officers of the law. Sheriff Colins immediately brought up sons in the court came to the and of the omcers of the law. Sheriff Colins immediately brought up the military, who were in readiness, and ordered all the colored people who did not belong to the town to leave it instantly. These prompt mea-sures had the desired effect; the slaves were lodged in jail to await the action of their owner, and the mob speedily took the Sheriff's advice.

AMERICAN CANNIBALISM .- At a meeting of the AGAGEMY OF ARRIBATISM.—At a meeting of the Academy of Arts and Sciences, on the 27th ult., Prof. Shepherd who has lately spent some time in exploring the mining regions on the shores of Lake Superior, related an instance of the most horrible cannibalism among the Ojippeway tribe of Indians, on the north shore of the Lake. He fraguently passed on foot along and unarmed by frequently passed on foot, alone and unarmed, by the hut of an Indian, who had killed and eaten his wife and two children. The personal appearance of this savage monster, as might naturally be supposed, was horrible beyond description.

He also related an instance of parricide, among

He also related an instance of parricide, among the same tribe, of the most heart-rending character. The parents of an Indian had become old, infirm, and incapable of supporting themselves. Therefore, the son took them into a boat, with his gun loaded, rowed them out into the lake, shot the father and threw him overboard. The astonished mother jumped into the lake and swam to the shore. The son followed, after loading his gun, and shot her as she was crawling on the bank.

[Harford Journal.

A young man named Robert Barr, (says the Parkersburg Gazette,) was arrested in that place on Saturday last, charged with the commission of a crime in Augusta County. The prisoner was lodged in jail, and on Sunday morning, was found a maniac: The abruptness of his arrest and the fright occasioned thereby, proved too much for his mind—he was completely crazed. On Monday morning, he started in charge of Sheriff Cook, for Stauaton—a more fit inmate for the asylum than the jail. "Mother, mother, mother—home, home, home?"—such were the only and almost incoherent exclamations of the poor maniac; and who, rent exclamations of the poor maniac; and who that heard, will ever forget the poignant anguish that attended the utterance of those endearing

WESTERN VOLUNTEERS FOR MEXICO. -Th Third Regiment of Tennessee Volumeers left their encampment near Nashville on the 26th ult., for the seat of war. Previous to their departure they were presented by the ladies of that city with a flag.

a flag.

The Louisville Journal says that the two new
Regiments called out from Kentucky are nearly
ready to leave for Moxico.

REDUCTION OF GOVERNMENT EXPENSES. understand that the Secretary of the Treasury has instructed the Collector of this port to reduce the Custom-house expenses at least ten per cent. This will effect an important saving for the government about \$100,000 per annum—and in the present condition of the revenues, it appears to have been indispensable.—New York Sun.

WONDERFUL TELEGRAPHIC IMPROVEMENT. WONDERFUL TELEGRAPHIC IMPROVEMENT.—
The London Magazine of Science for last month says that a machine has been invented which will communicate intelligence simultaneously to some forty or fifty British citles—among them Liverpool, Glasgow, Manchester, Bristol, Leeds, Shefield, Nottingham, Hull and York. It can transmit at once to all these places from one thousand to two thousand letters per minute.

FATHER MATTHEW.—The distinguished Apostle of Temperance, will visit the United States early next Spring, and will beyond all doubt, be most cordially welcomed, by thousands, of all sects and opinions. Many will have cause to bless the mission of mercy, that brings him across the ocean.

A large detachment of dragoon recruits from Carlisle barracks, passed through Philadelphia on Tuesday afternoon, on their way to New York, where they will embark for the seat of war.

GEN. SCOTT .- The Whigs of Mifflin co., Pa. after resolving to support for the Presidency no man but a whig—and a whole whig—recommended Gen. Scott to the whig national convention as the most suitable candidate.

ar Charles T. Botts, Esq., recently of Rich-mond city, has been appointed Naval Store-keeper at Monterey, in California. He took passage in the ship Matilda, which left New York for the Pacific, early last week.

PROM MERICO. Interesting Letter from one of the Virginia Regiment.

Ass't Ady't General's Office,
Buena Vista, Mexico, Sept. 26th, 1847.

Mit. J. W. Beller:—Dear Sir,—A letter wa

received here yesterday, from a gentleman in the city of Mexico, to an officer of this Division, dated 11th Sept., 1847. He says:—"All chance of peace between Mexico and the United States is at an end, but the Americans have not yet got into the palace of Montezuma. Of course you are aware that Gen. Scott defeated Valencia and Santa Anna in two actions on the 20th ultimo. He might then have got into the city without difficulty, but was advised, (injudiciously as it now turns out,) not to do so, as more conducive to peace, and established his Head Quarters in the neighboring tablished his Head Quarters in the neighboring village of Tacubaya. Negotiations were commenced, and for some days hopes were entertained of a peace; but it was found that both parties were equally determined to retain New Mexico; so the renewal of hostilities became inevitable.—Accordingly, on the 8th instant, the Americans attacked the Mexicans at the foot of Chapultepee, a strongly fortified hill between the City and Tacked. a strongly fortified hill between the City and Tacubaya, but nearer the latter, and having blown up these positions, (a Mill and a Powder Magazine,) returned to Tacubaya. The Mexicans at Chapultepec, finding that the hill was not assailed, immediately called out Victory! I and appear to be under the delusion that Scott was afraid to attack them. The American army has since varied its position somewhat to the southward previous to an attack on the city, which will probably be preceded by a bombardment. To-day, Santa Anna fancying that Tacubaya was left unprotected, attempted a movement against it with at least 4,000 cavalry, but as the Spanish proverb says, 'he met the answering maid servant,' and we could see from this that he was immediately saluted by a battery of cannon between Chapultepec and Tacubaya, which stopped his operations. From the beginning of the war, the cavalry, on which the Mexicans mainly relied, have proved utterly useless in action, and latterly have even refused to charge when ordered. Santa Anna's force here consists of at least 16,000 men, independent of an immense mob of the common people, imperfectly armed; and Scott's army is now probably under 9,000 men. This disparity will make the latter cautious how he enters this populous city. The Americans, however, are full of confidence, and will probably succeed in the attempt whenever it is made, which may be expected from one hour to another.

Yours,

The above arrived here, as I said before, yesterday, and may be relied on. From it, it would seem that Gen. Scott has either taken the City of Mexicubaya, but nearer the latter, and having blown day, and may be relied on. From it, it would seem that Gen. Scott has either taken the City of Mexi

that Gen. Scott has either taken the City of Mexico or has been repulsed—the latter is not at all likely, as in the actions of the 20th ultimo, we took, it is said, 45 pieces of artillery, which would give us a great advantage in this arm of attack. It is generally thought here by the knowing ones, that we shall never get a peace with Mexico until we cease to ask her for one. Follow up our blows—take all her towns and cities, and levy a contribution on them for the support of the war, and we shall soon have another note. The people of this part of Mexico ought to be in favor of the war as it is now carried on—the presence of and we shall soon have another note. The people of this part of Mexico ought to be in favor of the war as it is now carried on—the presence of our armies affording better protection in person and property than they have ever had, to say nothing of the immense sums of money daily expended by us among them. Before we came, it was a very common thing for the Camanchee Indians to enter a settlement and carry away into slavery hundreds of women and children, after killing all the men they could fall in with, and driving off thousands of cattle and horses. A rich Mexican, who lives near Parras, 75 miles south-west of this had, about a year since, just before the arrival of Gen. Wool's army in that neighborhood, 1500 cattle driven off in one night by the Camanchees, and he offered to supply the whole Division with forage f es of cost if we would remain in his neighborhood. This gentleman, whose name is Don Emanuel Herrera, is immensely wealthy, and has shown himself so much the friend of the Americans, that should our troops be withdrawn from the country before something like "annexation" takes place, he will be compelled to remove to the U. States, as will many others of the same class.—Don Emanuel has 400 acres in his vineyard, which is enclosed in a stone wall 12 or 15 feet high and 5 feet thick. He makes large quantities of Wine, Brandy, &c. His grapes, peaches, pomegranites, figs and walnuts have been sent in large quantities to our camp for sale. They are very fine and brought a fine price. Whenever any of our officers are in his neighborhood the Don always has them with him, and his wife and daughters, who are spoken of as perfect ladies, vie with each other in doing the honors of their hospitable mansion. I am told Don Emanuel and his wife were both educated in the United States, and they take a pride in living after the American style.—They make butter and cheese, as we do, and have a fine new house with a shingled roof and finished.

cach other in doing the chonors of their hospitable mansion. I am told Don Emanuel and his wife were both educated in the United States, and they take a pride in living after the American style.—
They make butter and cheese, as we do, and have a fine new house with a shingled roof and finished after our fashion, in which they entertain the Americans, but they commonly live in a building at a fort, he having cannon placed on the top of it. His peons or servants are numerous, and he has several Americans hired, all of whom he can arm. At the battle of Buena Visit, the Don with his armed train was looking on—at one time he gave all up for lost when he saw the Indianians retreat, but the rapidity of our charge soon restored things and the glorious result-gave him and the rest of our friends in the country the assurance that their wishes would be accomplished.

Our troops in this Division are near three thousand, well disciplined and in high spirits—they ardently desire one meeting with the enemy.—The Mississippi, North Carolina and Virginia Regiments form a brigade of Infantry, of which to the best advantage. He has a review once a week and Regimental and Batallion drill twice a week. The Virginia Regiment is considered the best which has ever been here in every respect.

* * It will be centuries, perhaps, before this country can be of any consequence. If the Angle Saxon race could be induced to migrate hither they might bring about the change more speedily, but there can be no such inducements while our immense western lands remain unoccupied. The only lands which are worth having here, are those which have been irrigated. It is true there are thousands of acres in use by this means, which are very productive, and could be purchased at a moderate price, but then the great scarcity of timber for farming purposes—(there not being in all Mexico, I am told by well informed men as much wood as in the State of Virginia,)—the bigotry of the people, and the unsettled nature of the Government will effectually prevent the c

ILEAD QUARTERS, BUENA VISTA, }

Int October, 1847.

Mr. James W. Beller: — Dear Sir—I wrote you a few days ago giving the latest accounts which had then been received from General Scott's army—since when I have had the following order of Gen. Wool to copy for the different commands:—

is:—
"Head Quarters, Buena Vista, }
Sept. 29th, 1847.
"ORDERS NO. 461.

Sept. 29th, 1847.

"ORDERS NO. 461.

"Since the termination of the armistice enterdinto between General Scott and General Santa Anna, the Capital of the Mexicans has been taken by our gallant army—Santa Anna, with the remains of his army, has fallen back on Queretaro. They are said to be 8000 strong, and it is thought Ganta Anna, with the Mexican Congress, may retire upon San Luis Potosi. From every indication peace is far in the distance. This should admonstal all who have come to Mexico to do honor to their country, that no time is to be lost in preparing for coming events. No confidence can be placed in officers or men who are not well instructed in their duties and willing to submit to the restraints of discipline. Without discipline and instruction they can have no confidence in each other. It is therefore that the attention of the commandants of Companies, Battalions, Regiments, Corpa and Brigades is called to the orders heretofore issued on the subject of Drills and Guards. This will be rigidly enforced. Resignations of Officers will be forwarded for approval but no leave of absence or furlough will be granted. Such non-commissioned Officers and Privates as are incapable of performing their duty from sickness or other causes will either be sent to the General Hospital in Saltillo or discharged, on the recommendation of a medical board. The commanding General announces to his Division that the deserter and traitor, Riley, and sixteen other deserters were recently taken by our troops at Churubusco and hauged. The head of Riley was severed from his body and exhibited on a pole to the surrounding populace. The deserters, Lieuts, Gilbert and Blackwell, and 19 privates of the Texas Rangers, were deprived of their horses at Monclovia, and afterwards killed. Two artillery and four volunteer deserters were killed near San Jose, 40 miles from Saltillo.

By command of Brig, Gen. Wool, (Signed,) IRVIN McDOWELL, Assistant Adjutant General."

The information in the above, which relates to the taking of the city of Mex

The information in the above, which relates to the taking of the city of Mexico, came by a courier who had been hired here to go to San Luis Potosi for information. We have no doubt sustained a heavy loss in consequence of Gen. Scott not entering the city on the 20th ult., when he had defeated them in two actions, and could have not entering the city on the 20th ult., when he had defeated them in two actions, and could have driven all their troops out of the City, or to seek hiding places in it; but notwithstanding this our success has been unparalleled in the history of wars. No doubt from the rapidity with which the steam vessels of the Government pass from Vera Cruz to New Orleans, you will long before you get this, have heard much more of the particulars of the above severe conflicts than we have—all we receive being contained in short and hasty letters. I fancy, if I understand the movers, that the next will be a movement of the troops of this division towards San Luis, where we may be enabled to entrap the crafty Santa Anna by having him between our armies. The troops here are so completely tired of inaction, and so anxious to have a finger in the pie, that they will most cheerfully endure all the hardships of so long a march through a country most of the way to San Luis nothing but a desert, and through which we should have to haul our water and every other necessary. By travelling one hundred miles farther we should miss this desert and pass through a fine country. But if Santa Anna and his broken down troops, after the battle of Buona Vista, without wagons, mules, or any conveniences, whatever, could travall the rate of Enors the boys of the U.S. see mules, or any conveniences, whatever, could travel this route, I fancy the boys of the U.S. can,—aye, and whip them after we get there, 3 or 4 to

one.

There is a military commission now sitting to this Camp for the trial of certain Mexicans, charged with the murder of two Americans belonging to the army. The result I will mention in my next.

Yours, &c.,

AN ANGIENT DOUMENT.

Mr. Wall of Albany has in his possession the original commission of Queen Anne to Lord Cornbury, appointed in 1702, Captain General and Governor in chief of the Province of New York. The Evening Journal describes it as a massive document, covering two large sheets of parchment, and written in old English Black. Attached to it, is the great seal—large as a hat crown, and looking very much like a bountful new year's cake. The Royal signature, Anne R, is written in a large, uncouth and irregular hand, which would be taken for the first efforts of a school boy.

The "Instruction" to the Governor General is a document equally ancient and curious. The Journal gives a long synopsis, from which we clip a few extracts showing the spirit of the times in the new world a century and a half ago.

-" You are to permit a liberty of conscience to all persons (except papists) so they be contented with a quiet and peaceable enjoyment of the same, not giving offence or scandal to the Government."

ment of the same, not giving observe or scandar to the Government."

The 69th section requires the Governor to give encouragement to merchants who may bring trade to the Province, "and in particular to the Royal African Company of England."—Sec. 70, "And as we are willing to recommend unto the said company, that the said Province may have a constant and sufficient supply of Merchantable Negroes, at moderate rates, in money or commoditys, so you are to take care that payment be duly made," and "that there be no trading from said Province to any place in Africa, within the Charter of the Royal African Company," &c.

Thus did England encourage the slave trade to this country, and fasten upon us the curse of alsvery. That institution is about the last relic which remains among us of English barbarity.

Progress of Southern Ispustry.—We learn

which remains among us of English barbarity.

PROGRESS OF SOUTHERN INDUSTRY.—We learn from the Columbus (Ga.) Democrat, that Messrs. Wesson, Boohor & Stanford, and J. D. Nance, of that place, have associated themselves together for the purpose of establishing an extensive Steam Cotton Factory at or near a place called Drane's Mills, Choctaw county, Mississippi, to which place Mr. Wesson has already removed, with his lamily, to be followed, next Spring, by the other genglemen interested in the project. We are informed that this will probably be the first Factory started in the State of Mississippi, and that the prospects are fine for a vich return from the capital to be invested in the business.

Generous.—The Sons of Temperance of

GENEROUS.—The Sons of Temperance of Nashville appropriated \$500 for the relief of the sufferers by the recent explosion in that city. The money had been set apart to defray the expenses of a grand celebration and public dinner; but they preferred, in accordance with that great fundamental principle of their organization which commands them to relieve the distressed, to abandon the dinner, and bestow the money upon this more worthy object.

worthy object.

A BEGGAR'S PRIDE.—In the suburbs of Madrid, a beggar, with a noble air, asked alms. "Are you not ashamed," said the person solicted, "to follow such an infamous employment, well able as you are to work?" "Sir," replied the beggar, "I asked your charity, and not your advice," and immediately turned his back upon him with all the dignity of an insulted Castillan.

Wesley tells a curious story of the arrest of a whole score of Methodists who were put into a wagon and dragged before a justice. The accusers were asked to state the grounds of complaint, and seemed to be struck dumb. At last one of them cried out—" they pretend to be better than other people, and pray from morning till night." The Magistrate asked if they had done nothing else. "Yes, sir," said an old man, "they have converted my wife, an' it please your worship, till she went among them she had such a tongue—and now she is as quiet as a lamb." "Garry them back," said the Magistrate, "and let them convert all the scolds in town."

13 DAYS LATER FROM EUROPE. The Great Monetary Depression—Further De-cline in Breadstuffs—Great Depression in the Cotton Market—More Extensive Failures—Fa-mine Re-Commenced in Ireland—Parliament Prorogued, &c. Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun.

The steamship Caledonia, Capt. Lett, which sailed from Liverpool on the 19th of October, has just arrived, having been seventeen days on the passage. She brings the following summary of he news made up by the Correspondent, of the Sun in Liverpool:

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19, 1847, 12 M.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19, 1847, 12 M.

MISCELLAREOUS INTELLIGENCE.—Parliament was prorogued till the 11th of December, when it will be further adjourned until January, for the dispatch of business.

The Lord Mayor of London gave a splendid entertainment to the Duke of Cambrige, and a large company on Saturday week. The invitations included his Excellency, the American Minister, and three Polish Princes. Mr. Bancroft's health was proposed, and his address was received with the greatest enthusiasm and respect.

The prospects of Ireland during the approaching winter are gloomy in the extreme. Famine in an aggravated form has already re-appeared, and the Queen has issued a letter commanding that a general collection be made in the Church establishment.

Corn Marker.—Best Western Canal Flour is

CORN MARKET.—Best Western Canal Flour CORN MARKET.—Best Western Canal Flour is bringing 25s to 27s per barrel; Richmond and Alexandria 25s to 26s; Philadelphia and Balti-more 25s to 26s; New Orleans and Ohio 22s to 24s; United States and Canada 20s to 21s. Wheat, United States white and mixed, per 70 lbs., brought 7s to 8s; red, 6s to 7s 6d. Oats per 45 lbs., 2s 3d to 2s 8d. Oatmeal, per 240 lbs., 22s to 23s.

45 lbs., 2s 3d to 2s 8d. Oatmeal, per 240 lbs., 22s to 23s.
Indian Corn, per 480 lbs., 30s to 33s. Indian meal per bbl., 14s to 15s. Barley, per 60 lbs., 3s to 4s; per 504 lbs., 30s to 40s.
The Corn market is of course sensibly influenced by the unparalleled stringency of the money market, and shows a general decline, particularly in quotations for inferior parcels. Indian corn has depreciated from 2s to 3s per quarter, and meal has also receded in value, and is in very limited demand.

meal has also receded in value, and is in very limited demand.

The above quotations represent the maximum price, but occasional forced sales have been made at considerably under these figures.

In London, on yesterday, (the 18th of Oct.,) there was an extensive supply of foreign wheat, but trade was dull, and American receded from 2s to 2s 5d per quarter, without any progress being made in sales.

Corrow Market.—New Orleans ordinary to middling, 44d to 51d per pound: good to middling.

being made in sales.

COTTON MARKET.—New Orleans ordinary to middling, 4½d to 5½d per pound; good to middling fair 6½d 6½d; good to fine 7d to 8d. Alabama and Tennessee ordinary to middling 4½d to 4½d; good to good fair 5½d. Mobile, ordinary to middling, 4½ to 5½; fair to good fair 5½d to 6d; good to fine 6½d to 6½d. Sea Island ranges from 9d to 10; stained 5d to 8½d.

This market also largely participates in the general vicissitudes of trade, and shows a gradual deterioration since our last telegraphic advices.—The quantity of Cotton pressing on the market greatly exceeds the demand, producing sacrifices on the part of sellers, who have been compelled to submit to prices considerably under our quotations, for the sake of obtaining cash. The sales for the week ending the 15th ult., amounted to 21,700 bales, of which 3,900 were on speculation, and 1,200 for export. The transactions of the 18th they reached only 1,200, at a decline.

In the manufacturing districts business wears the gloomiest aspect, every week adding to the number of mills making short time or closing entirely.

MONETARY AFFARIS.—The disastrous moneta.

MONETARY AFFAIRS.—The disastrous moneta

Monetary Affains.—The disastrous monetary pressure recorded in our last advices, has during the last fortnight, continued to rage with unabated severity, involving several additional failures, and diffusing a deep and impenetrable gloom throughout the whole commercial community of Great Britain.

To such a point of intensity has the inaccessibility of money now arrived, that there is scarcely any one house which can be looked upon without an application, no matter how exaited its position.—We may avoid further enunciation by stating that altogether lifty-live houses have either broken down or suspended since the departure of the last steamer.

down or suspended since the departure of the last steamer.

On the 18th of October it was announced that the Royal Bank of Liverpool had been compelled to suspend payment. The money market continues most stringent, but the London papers of the 18th indulged hopes of a partial restoration of ease, owing to the circumstance of a very heavy payment on the Consols commenced at 81s to 81gs, but fell to 80g. The transfer, on the 19th, time bargains, 81gs to 82gs. Quotations closed 81gs to 81gs. Exchequer bills have been done at 15s to 20g discount. to 30s discount. Bank stock is quoted at 182 to

183.

LIVERPOOL, Oct. 19, 2 P. M.

P. S.—The markets up to this moment are losing ground. Flour cannot be quoted beyond 26s per barrel, and Indian corn shows no tendency to rise above 30s. The stoppage of the Liverpool banking company is just announced. The liabilities are not heavy. The cotton market is much depressed. 183.

ARRIVAL OF THE WASHINGTON.

Five Days Later from Europe. Continued Depression in the Money Market—More heavy failures—Flour stationary—Advance in Corn—Bank of England Relief—Continued Decline in Colton.

Correspondence of the Baltimore Sun,
New York, Nov. 9, 9 P. M.
The fine American steamship Washington, Captain Hewitt, from Bremen the 24th, and Southampton the 25th ult., was telegraphed as below between three and four o'clock this afternoon, but did not reach her wharf until a much later hour.

did not reach her whari until a much later hour. She came up, however, in superior style. She has made the passage in sixteen days, and brings five days later intelligence from Europe.

The same depressed state of things continued in the money market. In view of the great suffering and loud cries for relief, the Bank of England, it was understood, was about coming to the rescue.

Ind, it was understood, was about coming to the rescue.

There had been further heavy mercantile failures in England and on the Continent, since the sailing of the Caledonia. We are not yet in possession of the names of any of the houses, but learn that there are several large firms in London and Liverpool among the number.

In the Flour market a fair demand existed, prices remaining about the same as at the last advices.

There had been an advance in Indian Corn—the average of which was about is per quarter of 480 lbs.

In Cotton a further decline has taken place. A reduction of about 1d per lb. has been submitted to since the sailing of the Caledonia. The market was heavy, and a further decline was looked for.

As to general or political news, there is none of consequence.

INCREASED REVENUE.—The receipts at the N. York Custom House for the first five days of November of this year, is nearly double those for the same period in 1846.

To BE HUNG FOR STEALING A SLAVE.—Jas. Carlisle lately plead guilty, at Darlington, S. C., of stealing and selling a negro slave, the property of Mr. P. W. Pledger, and was sentenced to be hung on the 25th day of February next.

CAVALRY FOR THE WAR.—Col G. W. Barbour, of Princeton, Ky., has, in a remarkably short time, raised a splendld body of cavalry, now 300' strong, and others are enrolling. Col. B. intends making a strenuous exertion to have them received by the War Department.

The Markets.

BALTIMORE MARKETteported weekly for the "Spirit of Jefferson," by Wal.
TER & Co., Flour and Commission Merchants and
General Produce Dealers, Baltimore.
BALTIMORE, Wednesday morning,
November 3, 1847.

BALTIMORE, Wednesday morning, November 3, 1847.

BALTIMORE, TUESDAY MORRING, November 9, 1847.

J. W. BELLER, ESQ.:—Dear Sir,—Howard st. Flour was in active request from the close of our last week's report up to Friday thorning, with sales of about 2,000 bbis at \$6 124, and a few hundred bbis extra brands and some sold on time brought a fraction more. On Friday buyers were disposed to hold off for the steamer's news, then 48 hours past due, though sales of 800 to 1,000 bbis were made at 6 124 to \$6 25 on time. Early on Saturday morning the steamer Cambria's news was received, quoting a decline in breadstuffs in the Liverpool and London markets.—flour 1s 6d to 28 per bbl, corn about 3d per bushel and corn meal about 1s 6d per bbl. Buyers of flour of course took advantage of this unexpected news and offered \$5874, whilst dealers were firm at 6 to \$6 124 and nothing was done. Yesterday (Monday) sales of a few hundred bbls were made at \$5874, though dealers generally contend for \$6. Sales of flour for some days past have been about equal to receipts—stock on hand very light.

GRAIN—The supply of Wheat for the past week has been very limited—Md. and Va. reds command 1 25 to 1 30; white 1 30 to \$1 35. Very little bid Corn coming to market—a prime article of white and yellow would command 65 to 67 cents. New corn from \$5 to 50 cents. Rye is very scarce and commands 90 to 93 cents. Oats in brisk demand at 35 to 42 cents. Cloverseed in limited request at 375 to \$425.

BUTTEIR—Ordinary in kegs and firkins 8 to 12 and 6flades 13 to 15 cents.

LARD—Country rendered in kegs and firkins 11a 12c.

CATT'LE—There were about 2,000 head of Beeves offered yesterday, and sales of about 1200 head were made at 1 50 a \$2 75 per 100 lbs on the hoof—a slight decline.

HOGS—Live Hogs are worth 6 a \$6 50.

CENTRE MARKET.—The "Mark" was well aunolied.

decline.

HOGS—Live Hogs are worth 6 a \$650.

CENTRE MARKET,—The "Marsh" was well supplied on Saturday. Print Butter sold at 25 a 31 cents, and lump 15 a 20 cents per lb.; eggs 15 cents per doz, chickens \$250 per dozen; canvass back ducks \$2 per pair; red head do. \$1 per pair; geese 75 cents cach; turkeys 75 cents a \$1 cach.

Truly yours, W. & CO.

MAIRIED.

On Thursday morning, 4th instant, in Shepherdstown, by the Rev. J. C. Hensell, of Augusta county, Va., Mr. Grandson T. Lecklork to Miss Amanda S. Humnickhouse, youngest daughter of Mr. A. Humrickhouse, of Shepherdstown.

of Shepherdstown.
On the 28th ult., by Elder C. Sine, Mr. Ley, Hort to Miss Sarah Hiert, daughter of Mr. Jeremials Hiett, all of Hampshire county.

Near Waterford, on the 28th ult., by the Rev. M. L. Shuford, Mr. Gronge Donaldson to Miss Patience Brans, both of Loudoun county, Va.
On Thursday the 28th ult., by the Rev. Lowis T. Wilson, Capt. Joyeri W. Hollin to Miss Sarah Jane Denny, all of Berkeley county.

DIED.

On Thursday, 4th inst., of an illness of several weeks, Mrs. Maria P. Washington, consort of Bushrod C. Washington, Eaq., of this county, aged about 55 years.

Near Leesburg, on the 4th instant, Mr. John Hawling, aged about 60 years.

On Sunday last, at his residence near Leesburg, Mr. JAKES TERPLAR, of Loudoun county, aged NINETY-EIX YEARS.

On Weduesday, 20th ult., Lewis Henry, aged two years and nine months; and on Skurday the 20th ultim, Charles Ferderick, aged 4 months and 30 days, childen of Frederick A. and Susan Sherer of Winchester.

On Sunday night has, at-his residence in Berkeley county, Dr. William Farris, aged about 60 years.

William Donaldson, E-q., departed this life at his residence in this county, on Friday the 20th day of October, 1817. In the death of Mr. Donaldson the county has lost one of its best and most useful cilizens, at the age of 77 years.—Rommey Inventorary.

Miscellaneous Notices.

AGENCY. AGENCY.

Mr. EDWIN A. STOVER, of Aldie, Loudoun County, has been appointed an Agent for this paper. He is therefore duly authorized to obtain subscriptions or collect therefore duly authorized to obtain subscriptions or collect any moneys due the "Spirit of Jefferson" Office. Mr. S. will have in his possession a prospectus and specimen copies of the paper, which he will take plea-sure in showing to such as wish to become subscribers.— He will commence operations in Loudoun County, and continue to canvass each county, until he will have visit-ed the artice State.

continue to carvass each county, until he will have visited the entire State.

Nov. 12, 1817.

25 The second supply of the Pictorial "BATTLE SHEET" has been received. Persons wishing to procure a copy of this beautiful Mammoth Sheet should call soon on the undersigned at the Spirit Office, as he has but a very lew left.

Nov. 12, 1847.

J. W. McGINNIS.

NOTICE. The Rev. Mr. JENNINGS will preach in the Presbyte-an Church at Harpers-Ferry on next Sabbath, the 14th istant, at half past 10 o'clock, A. M. Nov. 12, By Divine permission, there will be a Quarter Meeting, to commence on Saturday morning, the 13ti mstant, at 10 o'clock, at the Zion Church, under the con rel of the Rev. NELSON HEAD.

NOTICE.

By Divine permission a protracted meeting will be held the Methodist E. Church, in Harpers-Ferry, to com-nece on Saturday the 20th of this month. Rev. Henry cer of Washington and Rev. J. Polsal will be in at-dance. Nov. 5.

A LIFE PRESERVED. MOUNT HOLLY, New Jersey, Nov. 1, 1815.

Mourt Holly, New Jersey, Now, 1, 1815.

MA. SETH W. FOWLE:—Dear Sir.—Having used DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY with great bonefit to myself, I cherfully comply with your request to give my testimony, in favor of it. Some time since I took cold, and it settled on my longs; I was troubled several weeks with a very bad cough, raised blood several times, and had all the alarming symptoms attending consumption. I despaired of recovery. After trying various remedies in vain, I obtained a bottle of your balsam; I took three bottles, and to my astonishment was entirely cured. I attribute my restoration to health to that medicine alone. All who are sick or afflicted with Pulmonary affections. I would recommend them to try DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM immediately.

None genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS, on the wraplone genuine, unless signed I. BUTTS, on the wrat

per.

3.7 A fresh supply of the above Balsam, on hand and
for anle by THOMAS M. FLINT, Charlestown, and
HENRY S. FORNEY, Shepherdstown.

FLAG AND CURB STONE.

THE subscriber has on hand a large lot of FLAG and CURB STONE, of excellent quality, which he will sell cheap. He is also prepared to lay them at the shortest notice and on libe-CHAS. G. BRAGG. Charlestown, Nov. 12, 1847-3t.

wood, wood! THOSE who may design, paying their subscriptions, &c., in Wood, are requested to deliver it at as early a day as practicable, as we are desirous of securing at once a Winter's supply.

Nov. 12, 1847.

FOR SALE. WE have a first-rate PARLOR STOVE, for burning wood, for which we have no use, and will sell very cheap. Any one in want, can see it by calling at our Store.

Nov. 12. C. G. STEWART & SON.

Nov. 12. C. G. STEWART & SON.

Regimental Orders.

A COURT of Enquiry for the first Battalion of the 55th Regiment will be held at the Hotel of Isaac N. Carter, in Charlestown, on Saturday the 20th day of this month.

A Court of Enquiry for the 2d Battalion will be held at Isaac N. Carter's in Charlestown, on Saturday the 20th day of this month.

The Regimental Court of Enquiry will convene at I. N. Carter's in Charlestown, on Friday the 27th of this month.

All excuses for delinquencies for the present year are required to be made at the respective Battalion Courts. The hour for meeting in each case will be 10 o'clock, A. M.

Officers and others interested are required to be prompt, in order that business may be attended to and despatched without delay.

By order of the Officer commanding the 55th Regiment, V. M.

November 12, 1847.

NDELIBLE INK Kidder's, Payson's and Comstock's, for sale by T. M. FLINT. Nov. 12.

NOTICE.

MOTICE.

AVING made a change in my business, is becomes necessary that those indebted to me on account, should call and settle the same either by cash or note, on or before the 1st day of December next; after which date, those remaining geneticle, will be placed in an officer's hands for collection.

Nov. 12, 1847.

NOTICE.

THE Notes given at my sale became due on the 1st of November, and it is desirable that they be lifted immediately. I can be found at my office in Charlestown, on overy Friday.

November 12, 1847—8t.

FOR SALE. A VERY likely and valuable female servant, who has been accustomed to all kinds of kitchen, as well as House work. She has 2 children. For particulars enquire at Nov. 12, 1847—3t. THIS OFFICE.

GOOD SPORT.

A QUARTER RACE will be run over the "Valley Course," near Charlestown, on Satarday next, (13th inst.,) between the Loudoun Black Mare and the Berkeley Horse. Also, a match between Susanna Brown and Sarah Slick.

Nov. 12, 1847.

MATCH BACE. A QUARTER RACE will be run at Harpers-Ferry, on Saturday next, 13th inst., between "Honest John" of Loudoun, and "Hester Fair," of Jefferson County, both horses of considerable ote in the sporting circle. Nov. 12, 1847.

PUBLIC SALE.

WILL offer at public sale, at my residence on the Opequon Creek, two miles North of Smithfield, on Tuesday the 23d instant, all my personal Property, consisting of
4 head of Work Horses and 1 Saddle or Harness Horse; Milch Cows, Stock Cattle and Sheep;
1 first-rate Road Wagon;
Barshare and double and single Shovel Ploughs;
2 Harrows, Double and Single-trees;
Wagon and Plough Gears;
2 Grain Cradles, Mowing Scythes, and the usual variety of farming implements. Also,
A quantity of Corn by the barrel;
About 60 bushels of Oats;
About 10 bushels Cloverseed, (a first-rate article;)
About 50 acres of Wheat in the ground;
Timothy and Clover Hay. Also,

Household and Kitchen

Horsehold and Kitchen

FURNITURE,
consisting of Bedsteads, Tables, Chairs, 1 Desk;
1 Eight day Brass Clock, 1 Franklin Stoye, &c.,
together with many other articles, unnecessary to
mention.

Terms of Sale.—On all sums of \$5 and upthe purchasers giving bonds with approved security—(except the Corn, Oats and Cloverseed, which will be sold on a credit of 30 days,) on all sums under \$5 the cash will be required.

Nov. 12, 1847. ISAAC PULTZ.

PUBLIC SALE OF REAL ESTATE AT HARPERS-FERRY, VA.

AT HARPERS-FERRY, VA.

WILL offer at Public Sale, in front of Coons
'& Hoffman's store, on Saturday the 27th inst.,
at 12 o'clock, M., to the highest bidder, the following valuable property, viz.—Lot No. 53, situated on High street, together with the three story weather-boarded Building attached thereon, now in the occupancy of Mr. Joseph Groff, yielding at present an annual rent of \$100.

Also—Lot No. 46, situated on Shenandoah street, together with the large and \$legant three-story Store-House thereon.—There are on the first floor two excellent Store Rooms at present occupied as a Clothing store and Saddle Manufactory; the second story is occupied as a dwelling, and the third story as a Masonic Lodge, which third story will be reserved. This property yields an annual rent of \$420.

Terms of Sale.—One fourth cash, the balance in one, two and three years, with interest from date, and a Deed of Trust on the property, to socure the deferred payments. Possession will be given on the 1st of April, 1848.

Also—At the same time I will sell the Running Gear of a new four-horse Wagon, on a credit of six months, with interest from date.

PHILIP COONS.

Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 12, 1847.

Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 12, 1847.

ILLINOIS LAND FOR SALE. WILL offer in front of Coons & Hoffman's store, Harpers-Ferry, Va., on Saturday the 27th istani, at 12 o'clock, M., to the highest bidder 160 Acres of Land

lying in the State of Illinois, being a soldier's right, the same being granted to Jacob Shugh, the deed for which, is now in my possession, and the title believed to be indisputable.

Terms of Sale.—One fourth cash; the balance in three equal instalments, with security for the deferred payments.

PHILIP COONS,

Nov. 12, 1847.

Ladies' Gaiters.

WE have on hand, several dozen pair Ladies'
Gaiters, suitable for winter, (a good article,)
which we will sell cheap.
Corn and Pork wanted in exchange for work.
JAMES McDANIEL, Agt.
November 12, 1847. November 12, 1847.

Howard's Chemical Chloride Soap. Howard's Chemical Chloride Soap.

This Soap has fully atood the test of experiance, and is deservedly more celebrated than any other in use, for rendering the skin smooth and soft, removing chaps, pimbles and blemishes; for the preservation of the teeth and gums, and the cure of offensive breath; for cleansing and healing sores and wounds; for preventing and curing cutaneous diseases, especially in infants; for bleaching handkerchiefs and muslins, and for the removal of grease, paint, tar, &c. from clothing. It is also much esteemed as a shaving Soap. To be had genuine at T. M. FLINT'S Drug Store Nov. 12.

Wanted. 1,000 POUNDS Country Soap, 1,000 lbs. Tallow, 1,000 lbs. Bacon, (Hog round,) 500 bushels white Beans, and any quantity of Dried Fruit, immediately—for which the highest price will be given in Goods or on account.

Neurophys 19 November 12.

Stoves for Sale.

1 VERY complete Coal Stove, 1 large six-plate
Stove for burning wood, 3 iron fireboards, elnows, &c.
T. M. FLINT.
Nov. 12.

Nov. 12.

SWAIM'S PANACEA, genuine, a most cele-brated remedy for all mercurial diseases. Nov. 12. T. M. FLINT. COAL, COAL—A supply Smiths' Coal just received, and I expect in a few days a quantity of lump.

Nov. 5, 1847.

L Calf Skins and Harness Leather; just received by WM. R. SEEVERS. Nov. 5, 1847.

HOPS-Best quality, for sale by Nov. 5. WM. R. SEEVERS.

LARD OIL-Formale by MILLER & BRO. CAPS.—Just received, another supply of Fur.
Caps, from 75 cents to 86; the latest style
Cloth and Plash Caps for men and boys. Our
stock is unusually large, and will be sold at reduced prices.
MILLER & BRO. Nov. 5, 1847.

GRIND STONES-for sale by Nov. 5, 1847. WM. R. SEEVERS.

STRAY COW.

STRAYED away from the subscriber, about the 1st of October last, a young RED COW, with white flanks. Any information concerning her will be thankfully received.

WM. P. MENSON.

Charlestown, Nov. 5, 1847—31.

WAGON AND PLOUGH MAKING

HAVING employed Mr. OSCAR NESMITH, from Winchester, to carry on my Shop, all

Wagons, Ploughs, &c., Wagons, Ploughs, &c.,
Will be made and repaired at the shortest notice,
Having a first rate lot of SEASONED TIMBER
on hand, and a workman that can execute in the
best manner, all work made or repaired at my shop
will be warranted to be equal to any in the Valley.
Wagon Timber taken in payment for work.
THOMAS RAWLINS. Nov. 5, 1847-3L

RUNAWAY NEGRO TAKEN UP. RUNAWAY NEGRO TAKEN UP.

ARLY in the present month (October.) was taken up in Morgan Co., Va., a Runaway Negro who calls himself ANDREW JACKSON. He is of yellow complexion, and says he belongs to Col. Wm. Hurt or Hurst, near Lee's Springs, Fauquier Co., Va. The owner of this negro may receive further information, or obtain the negro, by addressing a letter, or calling personally upon Wm. G. CATLETT, near Bath, Morgan Co., Va. October 29, 1847—3t.

FIRE! FIRE! FIRE!! JAMES J. MILLER, Agent for the Franklin
Fire Insurance Company of Philadelphia, will
give prompt attention to applications for Insurance against Fire, on all descriptions of property;
the Company he represents is one of the best in
the United States, and the premiums as low as
any other of the same standing.
Charlestown, October 29, 1847.

Whooping Congli-S MITH'S Whooping Cough Syrup,
McAllister's All-Healing Ointment,
Do.
Toilet do
Do. Hair Oil, and Do. Do. Do. Solar Tincture. Received and for sale by Nov. 12. J. P. BROWN.

More New Goods. THE subscribers are now receiving a secon supply of Fall Goods.

Nov. 12. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

Oranges and Lemons.

FOR sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY. Shawis! Shawis! Shawis! JUST received and for sale:
Black Thibet with rich Fringe,
Black Cloth Heavy,
Mode colored, Embroidered do., rich,
Do. "Plain"

Tekero and Cashmore do., very low.
Nov. 5. MILLER & BRO.

Groceries and Spices. Groceries and Spices.

LOAF Sugar, Brown do., Molasses, Best Rio Coffee, best Gunpowder Tea, &c., &c.
SPICES.—Allspice, Nulmegs. Cinnamon, Ginger. Cloves, Pepper, Mace, &c., for sale by
Nov. 5.

E. S. TATE.

N. B. I will take in exchange for goods any
quantity of Wood, Bacon Hams, Feathers, Corn,
Hard Soap, &c.

E. S. T.

For the Ludies.

Rich Ottoman Sattins, splendid plain and figured Silks, Plaid do., the latest style Cashmers. Mouselins, at extremely low prices; Plain and Twilled Ginghams, Rich British and American Prints, Alpaccas; and every variety of dress Goods, Plowers, Ribbands, Plumes, Fringes, Gymps, Scarfs, and the richest and most splendid Shalls, all of which we will offer at reduced prices.

Nov. 5.

MILLER & BRO.

In Store. JUST received, and for sale at the lowest cash prices, 100 Sacks G. A. SALT; 25 Sacks best green RIO COFFEE; and 1500 pounds CANDLES, mouled and dipped.

COONS & HOFFMAN.

Harpers-Ferry, Nov. 5, 1847.

Perfumery and Fancy Goods. JUST received, a large supply of French Per-fumery, comprising all the new varieties, with many new and elegant Fancy Articles, to which we particularly invite the attention of the Ladies. Nov. 5. MILLER & BRO.

JUST received and for sale by Nov. 5. KEYES & KEARSLEY. . Window Glass,

Or sale by KEYES & KEARSLEY... Nov. 5, 1847. Nov. 5, 1847.

Jewelry and Fancy Goods.

The subscribers have returned from the Eastern cities with a handsome stock of Jewelry and Fancy Goods, which have been bought on good terms, and will be sold at a very moderate advance, comprising in part, Gold and Silver Watches, all descriptions of Breast Pins, Finger Rings, Ear Rings, Bracelets, Gold and Silver Poncils, Gold Pens, &c. Also—a good assortment of Cornelius, Parlor and common Lard Lamps, from 50 cts., to \$12; Candlelarbers, gilt and plated, from one to three branches: musical instruments—Accordeans, very cheap, Flutes, Fifes, &c., Britannia Ware, in sets and single picces; a handsome assortment of Plated and Britannia Casters and Candlesticks; Cutlery, some very fine Razors, Penknives, Scissors. Tweesers, &c.; Steel Beads and Trimmings, Bead Bags, Purses, &c.; a beautiful lot of Choral, for Necklaces, with a general assortment of Toys and other articles usually kept with the above goods.

C. G. STEWART & SON.

Charlestown, Nov. 5, 1847.

Charlestown, Nov. 5, 1847. S BY 10, 10 by 12, Baltimore and New Jersey, different qualities; 10 by 12 Western, on hand and for sale cheap. Other sizes furnished at short notice.

WM. R. SEEVERS. at short notice. WM. R. Summit Point, Nov. 5, 1847.

L ADIES' Cotton, Silk, Lambs Wool, Alpacca and Germantown Hose; Men's Cotton, Germantown and country-knit half-hose, children's Germantown and Scotch Plaid Hose, with clastic tops, for sale by

Oct. 29. CRANE & SADLER.

Oil of Tannin for Leather.

Oil of Tannin for Leather.

MONEY TO BE SAVED! The proprietors of this preparation say without any hesitation, that it is the best article in use. It will not only keep harness bright and soft, but will restore old harness that has been taken poor care of, taking off the crust, and making it perfectly soft and pliable. It adds to the wear of harness or leather at least 50 per cent. It is an article that comes cheap, and is worth its weight in silver.

Sold wholesale by Comstock & Co., 21 Cortland street, New York, and by

J. H. BEARD & Co., Charlestown,
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry.

Jan. 17, 1846.

Hinnk Forms.

JUST printed, and for sale at this office, Deeds of Baygain and Sale, Deeds of Trust, Declarations, Forthcoming Bonds, Summonses and Exemptions, Promissory Notes, &c. &c.

BOOTS & SHOES —A general assortment of men's, youth's and boy's Calf and Kip Boots and Shoes. Also, Ladies' Gaiters, Kid and Morocco Slippers and Walking Shoes, for sale by, Oct. 22. CRANE & SADLER. SILK Fringes and Graduated Buttons.
CRANE & SADLER.

NEW GOODS, NEW GOODS!

Quick Sales and Small Profits. AT THE LEETOWN STORE.

THE BEETOWN STORE.

THE subscribers respectfully announce to the public generally, that they are now receiving and opening their Second Surrey of New Fall and Winter Goods, which they will sell very hieap, as their motto is "Quick Sales and Small Profits."

Profits."

The public generally are requested to call and examine their stock before purchasing elsewhere, as they are determined to sell at very low prices. Their stock comprises, in part, the following ar

as they are determined to sell at very low prices. Their stock comprises, in part, the following articles, viz:

Cloths, Cassimeres, Cassinetts and Vestings;
Tweeds, Lineyes, Flannels and Blankets;
Tlickings, Burlaps Linens and Checks;
Brown, bleached and Osnaburg Cottons;
Callices at 61, 8, 10 and 121 ets per yard;
Ginghams at 12, 19 and 25 cents;
Bl'k, white and Furniture Calleoce, at 8, 10, 121;
Cashmeres, Mouselines and Alpaccas;
L. C. Silk and Cotton Hokfs;
Black Woollen and Cotton Hose;
Laces, Edgings, Ribbons and Tapes;
Gum Elastic and Webb Suspenders;
Shawls, Comforts and Cotton Uumbrellas;
Patent Thread, Spool Boss, Buttons, Combs,
Tooth Brushes, Thimbles, &c., &c.
Also—A full assortment of Hats, Caps, Doots and Slices, and a general assortment of Groceries, Hardware, Tinwsre, Queensware, and Earthen ware.

LICKLIDER & CAMERON.

Leetown, Nov. 5, 1847.
N. B.—All kinds of country produce taken in exchange for Goods, at the highest market prices.
L. & C.

M'Leary's Lucky Office, WINCHESTER, VA.

THE following prizes were sold during the past three weeks:—2 prizes of \$1,000, 2 of \$600, 2 of \$2,000, 1 of \$1,000, 1 of \$500, 1 of \$400, and 1 of \$100; besides many smaller prizes.

The Tickets can be seen at the Office on file.

I now offer the following splendid Lotteries for November.

On SATURDAY, November 6, 1817. Alexandria Lottery, CLASS 71, WILL BE DRAWN.

SPLENDID SCHEME: 100.000 DOLLARS. In 5 Prizes of \$20,000,

On SATURDAY, November 13, Alexandria Lottery, Class 73, will be drawn. Capitals \$35,000, 14,000, 7,000, &c. 10 prizes of \$2,000, 100 of 1,000, &c. Tickets \$10—shares in proportion.

On SATURDAY, Nov. 20, will be drawn Alexandria Lottery, Class 75.

CAPITALS \$30,260, 2 of \$10,000, 2 of \$5,000, 15 of \$2,000, 40 of \$1,000, &c.

Tickets \$10—Shares in proportion.

A certificate of a package of wholes entitles the holder to all over \$408 nett that may be drawn by the 25 tickets named therein. Certificates of shares in proportion.

shares in proportion.

UrOrders for Tickets and Shares and Certifi-

actes of Packages in the above splendid Lottery will receive the most prompt attention, and an official account of the drawing sent immediately after it is over, to all who order from me.

Addross
A. D. O'LEARY.
Winchester, Nov. 12, 1847. Exchange and Lottery Office.

NO. 7, LIGHT ST., BALTIMORE, ME R. C. MATLACK & CO. CAPITAL PRIZE:

30.000 DOLLARS!

Maryland Consolidated Lottery, CLASS 51, FOR -1847. For the benefit of the Susquehanna Canal. To be drawn in the City of Baltimore, Wednes-day, November 17, 1847.

75 Number Lottery and 12 drawn Ballots. GRAND SCHEME: Prize of \$30,000 5,000 4,000 3,437 2,500 1,750 2,500 1,350 1,000 800 700 600 do do do 126 3,780 do 23,436

23,436 do 10 134,437

27,814 prizer, 8506,437

Tickels \$10—Shares in proportion.

Certificates of packages in the above will be issued and sold at the following rates;

25 whole tickets \$130 | 25 quarters \$32 50 25 half 66 25 eighths 16 25

BIT The undersigned offer the above splendid Scheme to their numerous acquaintance throughout the country. Persons wishing Tickets in any of the Lotteries that are drawing daily, by sending their orders to us shall be faithfully attended to, and an official of the drawing properly attested by the Commissioners, sent them immediately after the drawing is over.

Remember, no postage need be paid on any communication to us on business.

We have Tickets on hand in every Lottery in the State of Maryland. We also have Small Fry Lotteries which draw on Mondays, Wednesdays, and Saturdays of each week. Capital prizes from \$1,000 to \$7,000. Tickets \$1—Halves 50 cts.

—Quarters 25 cts. Address your orders to R. C. MATLACK & CO.

No. 7 Light st., 2d door below Fountain Hotel.

Baltimore, Nov. 12, 1847.

FRESH OYSTERS.

FRESH OYSTERS. THE undersigned having erected a room adjoining his Confectionary Store for the accommodation of the public, will serve them with OYSTERS in EVERY VARIETY in a superior style. He receives his Oysters daily,—consequently they will be fresh. He will supply families by the Can or otherwise. All he asks is a call from the public, and they can judge for themselves.

JOHN F. BLESSING.

Charlestown, Oct. 22, 1847.

Gloves.

A GOOD assortment of ladies, gents and children's Gloves, just received by
Oct. 29. CRANE & SADLER.

Oct. 29.

Boots and Shoes.

Boots,

CASE extra size heavy Boots,

1 case stout do., 1 case men's water proof do.,
1 case boya' do., 1 case youths do., children's do.,
Heavy Brogans, Boys' and Children's Shoes of
every quality on hand and for sale low by
Nov. 5.

Gaiters.

A LARGE supply of Gaiters, walking and Kid Shoce, for sale by Nov. 5. MILLER & BRO. Nov. 5. MILLER & BRO.

C UM SHOES.—A large supply of Gum Shoes
for gentlemen and ladies, just received and
for sale by
Nov. 5. MILLER & BRO. PUBLIC SALE.

DAY the 12th day of November, 1847, a great variety of Personal Property.

Consisting of Horses, Caws, Sheep and Hogs: Ploughs, Harrows, Wagons, and Household and Kitchen Furniture.

The Terms of Sale will be cash for all sums under five dollars, and a dredit of six months on all sums over five dollars—the purchaser giving bond with good security.

WM. B. THOMPSON, Adm'r.

Nov. 5, 1847.

PUBLIC SALE.

THE subscriber baying sold his farm, will sell at public sale, on WEDNESDAY the 17th day of November next, all his personal property, as follows:— 8 head of Work Horses;
1 first-rate Riding Horse;
1 thorough-bred Filley;
1 Brood Mare and Colt;

1 Brood Mare and Colt;
1 neat Family Carriage, nearly new;
1 elegant one-horse Sleigh and Harness;
2 Saddles, 2 Side Saddles;
7 Milch Cows and 8 head of Young Cattle;
40 head of Sheep, 50 head of Hogs;
2 Wagons, 1 Cart, 1 Jack-screw;
Barshare and Shovel Ploughs;
Wagon and plough Harness;
2 Harrows, 1 Wheat Fan;
1 Straw Cutter, 40 Bags;
Wood and Grain Ladders;
Shovels, Mattocks, Sledges and Crow Bars;
Mowing Scythes and Grain Cradles;
1 Grind-stone, Axes and Wedges,
Also—A great variety of

Also-A great variety of

Household and Kitchen FURNITURE. Consiting of I Sideboard, I Book Case : Consting of I Sideboard, I Book Case;
1 Scuretary, 2 Bureaus;
3 dozen Chairs, 3 Rocking Chairs;
Bedsteads, Beds and Bedding;
3 Wash-stands, 4 Looking Glasses;
1 large Clothes Press, 1 Work Stand;
4 Tables, 1 Eight-day Clock;
120 yards Carpeting, 1 Star Carpet;
1 sett of Brass Stair Rods;
Chims Glass and Ouecnaware; China, Glass and Queensware; And-Irons, Shovels and Tongs; 1 Franklin Stove, 1 Stanley do.; 2 Cooking Stoves, 4 ten-plate do.; 1 large Copper Kattle, 1 small do.; 2 large Spinning Wheels, 1 small do.; Tubs, Buckets, &c., and a variety of Kitchen

Tubs, Buckets, &c., and a variety of kitchen Furniture.

Also—15 Tons of prime Hay;

100 Barrels of Corn and 20 acres Corn in Shock;

200 Pounds prime Bacon Hams;

100 Bushels Potatoes;

12 Stands of Bees;

25 Cords of Wood, and many other articles, too tedious to mention—all of which will positively be sold.

Terms of Sals.—On all sums over five dollars.

be sold.

Terms of Sale.—On all sums over five dollars, nine months credit will be given, the purchaser giving bonds with approved security—on all sums of five dollars and under the cash will be required.

SAMUEL CAMERON.

HANCE'S SARSAPARILLA, OR BLOOD TO WHAT IS THAT PRINCIPLE WHICH WE CALL THE BLOOD?

THE BLOOD IS THAT PRINCIPLE BY WHICH THE WHOLE SYSTEM IS THE BLOOD IS THAT PRINCIPLE
BY WHICH THE WHOLE SYSTEM IS
REGULATED. Therefore, it the blood becomes impure, a general derangement of the system must ensue; and give rise to
Coughs, Colds, Influenza, Dyspepsia, Dropse,
Headache, Fullness of Blood, Bilious, Scarlet, Tophod and Typhus Fevers, of all kinds, Häigestion,
Weakness of Stomach, Rheumatism and Rheumaic Affection, Nervous Affections, Liver Complain,
Asthma, Pleurisy, Inflamation of the Lungs, LooSpirits, Fits, Measles, Small Pox, Whooping,
Cough, Croup, Sore Eyes, Inward weakness,
Worms, Quinzy, Bronchitis, Cholic, Dysentera,
Gravel, Salt Rheum, Deafness and other affections
of the Ear, St. Anthony's Fire, Scrofula or King &
Evil, Ulcers, White Swellings, Tumors, Biles,
Suppressed Monthly Discharges and Femule Complaints in general, Eruptioms of the Skin, Habitual
Costiveness, and all diseases depending on a disodered and diseased state of the blood, or a suspension
of the healthy, secretions.

Therefore on the first appearance of any of there
Symptoms.

Symptoms:
HANCE'S SARSAPARIELA, OR BLOOD PILES

3,427 should be procured, and used according to the directions. PRICE 25 CENTS per Box of FIFTY 91.500 PILLS, or FIVE BOXES for ONE DOLLAR.

For sale by SETH S. HANCE, Corner of 2,500 Chas. and Prattstreets, and 108 Baltimore street. FURTHER PROOFS OF THE EFFICACY
OF HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF
HOARHOUND IN RELIEVING
AFFLICTED MAN!

Mn. George T. Warnington, residing in York street, Federal Hill, Balt.more, was attacked wit a violent cough and sore throat, after trying many remedies, was induced by a friend to use Hance's Compound Syrup of Hoarhound, and before using one bottle was entirely cured.

ANOTHER, yet MORE ASTONISHING:

Mas. Herrieta Merrica, residing in Monu-ment street, between Canal and Eden streets, was-attacked with a very severe Cough and Pain in the Breast, which was so intense, that it extended to the shoulders. She was afflicted also with a pain in the side. pain in the side.

After trying many remedies, she was persuaded by a friend to use HANCE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF HOARHOUND, and after using

three doses, she experienced great relief, and be-fore she had finished the bottle, was entirely cured. PRICE 50 Cents per bottle, or 6 bottles for For Sale by SETH S. HANCE, 108 Baltimore st., and corner of Charles and Pratt streets Balti-

For sale by
T. M. FLINT, Charlestown,
JOSEPH ENTLER, Shepherdstown,
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers Ferry; and
DORSEY & BOWLEY, Winchester.

New Goods.

WE have just returned from Philadelphia with a new and rich variety of Watches, Jewelry and Fancy Goods. To the Ladies, especially we would say call and examine them, and we feet confident you will find something to suit you.

Oct 22. C. G. STEWART & SON. GRASS, black and colored Merino Skirts; ladies silk shirts; men's merino do., and drawers, for sale by CRANE & SADLER.

October 27.

BACON and Lard just received and for sale by CRANE & SADLER.

FIRE IRONS.—A large assortment of Shov-els and Tongs, And-irons, &c. at Oct. 29. THOS. RAWLINS. I VORY Handle Knives and Forks, just received a few setts, (fifty-one pieces.) at about one half the usual price.
Oct. 22.

E. M. AISQUITH.

W INTER BOOTS.—Two cases men's extra heavy Boots; one case home-made do, for farmers; two cases extra fine and neat boys' boots. Oct. 23. E. M. AISQUITH.

BIANK BOOKS.—Various kinds and prices, with two elegant Family Bibles.
Oct. 22.

E. M. AISQUITH. FEATHERS-Of superior quality, for sale by Nov. 5. MILLER & BRO.

A PPLES.—10 Bushels superior winter Applea for sale by MILLER & BRO.

From the Louisville Jon ERIN.

"AN OWER TRUE TALE." We read of battles fought and won, and the eye kindles, and the pulse beats fuller and strong-er, as we see in imagination the shock of the ey, kindles, and the palse beats fuller and stronger, as we see in imagination the shock of the contending hosts, or hear the wild cry of defiance, or the exulting cry of triumph. The despatches are seized with avidity, and read with an intensity of interest which no other, species of intelligence can produce. We glance over the fearful list of killed and wounded; its magnitude, in our estimation, adds to the brilliancy of the victory achieved. But it is not so with all. There are fathers and mothers, wives and children, brothers and sons, and may be affianced brides, who read that sad catalogue of war's victims with a feeling of suspense which is agony, and of apprehension which is torture. A sad, sad case, has just fallen under our observation, which may account for these hurried thoughts coming anbidden to our mind. About a year ago, an officer in the army, attached to the infantry service, became acquainted with a young lady in this city. She was in the first blush of womanhood, and with one of those bright, sunny, joyous faces, which would make the steariest abode all light and love. He loved and was loved; an explanation took place, and they were engaged. Their vows were exchanged in secret, and with the timidity of first love, they agreed that the existence of their engagement, for some time at least, should remain unkit own. Scen after, he received orders to join his regiment which was then en route for Vera Cruz.—During his absence, to the surprise of her family and friends, her spirits, disposition, pursuits, and

1,25, 1,50, 1,75, 2,00, 2,25, 2,50, 2,75 and 3,00 per yard.

Fancy Cassimeres—A large assortment of French, English and American Cassimeres as follows, viz: 37½, 50 and 75 cts., 1,00, 1,25, 1;50, 1,75, 2,00, 2,25, 2,50, 2,75, 3,00 and 3,50 per yard.

Tureed Cassimeres for Coats—English and American Tweeds for sack or business Coats of various colors, at prices as follows, viz: 50, 62½, 75, 87½ cts. and 1,00 per yard.

Vestings and Velrets—French, English and American, a great variety, of various patterns, and at prices from 50 cts. to 88,00 per pattern.

Sattinets—Blue, Black, Light Grey, Dark Grey, Gold Mixed, Plaid and Striped from 31½ cents, to \$1,25 cents per yard.

Chaghings—A great variety, both in colors, and chaghings—A great variety both in colors, and

Gold Mixed, Plaid and Striped from 31‡ cents, to \$1,25 cents per yard.

Cloakings—A great variety both in colors and qualities, which cannot fail to please.

Remnaus—We have a large assortment of Cloths and Cassimeres many of them large enough for pants and roundabouts for half grown boys, and beautiful patterns, which we will sell very cheap.

cheap. Rendy-Made Clothing.

A large and extensive assortment, such as Over Coats, Body Coats, Frock Coats, Sack Coats, from \$1,50 to \$20,00; Pants and Vests for winter wear from 75 cts. to \$8,00; Roundabouts, Shirts, Drawers, Cravats, Pocket Handkerchiefs, Comforts, Stocks, Suspenders, Bosoms, Cloaks, Tapes, Domestic and Lambswool Socks, and in short every action, usually, kept in a gentleman for.

for Fall and Winter Garments, is now fully p Garments, is now inny pre-pared to cut and make to order every variety o Garments worn by Gentlemen. As he employs none but the best of workmen, he will at all times warrant all garments made at his shop to give general satisfaction. Thankful for favors here-tofore extended to him, he respectfully solicits a call from the public, and assures all, that no efforts

New Goods. WM. R. SEEVERS is now receiving his Fall and Winter Goods. His Stock Em braces nearly every article of Merchandise Mant-ed by the country; besides, his arrangements are such as to enable him to procure for his custom-ers at any time, in four or five days, any article that he may not have on hand.

New Fall and Winter Goods. THE subscriber is just opening his Fall and Winter Goods. E. M. AISQUITH.

New Goods. WE are now receiving our supply of FALL. ticle needed in this murket. Oct. 15.

Bonnet & Cap Ribbons, Flowers. Pinsh, for sale by CRANE & SADLER.

DERSONS who have thin hair, or whose hair

CASTINGS.—I have now on hand a large assortment of Pots, Ovens, Kettles, Skillets, Grid-lies, Extra Oven Lide, of all sizes, Dogirons, Mouldboards, Wagon Boxes, &c.
Oct. 29. THOS. RAWLINS.

TO THE GENTLEMEN. TO THE GENTLEMEN.

CENTLEMEN will find in the back room ourstore, the largest assortment of Cloths, Cassimeres, Vestings, Sattinets, Tueceds, Cravats, Scarjs, Undershirts, Gloves, Hosiery, Suspenders, Hakfs, Ge., Ge., That we have ever had the pleasure of offering the sublice.

That we have ever man an pleasing to the public.

The following comprise a part, viz:
Cloths for Dress and Frock Coats,
15 pieces Black French and Belgian Cloths, from
\$2,50 to \$10 per yard,
Illue, Brown, Invisible Green, Dahlia and Drabs,
English, French and American do.

Overcont Cloth—Blue, Black, Drab and
Brown Beaver, French and American Tweeds for
Sacks.

Clonkings-Very superior Cloth for cloaks

Cloakings—Very superior Cloth for cloaks, at Great Bargains,
Also—A large assortment beautiful Trimmings.
Cassimeres—Super Jet Black French Doe Skins, Plain and Twilled Black do. A great variety of plain, striped and plaid Cassimere, of the latest and most fashionable style.
Vestings—Super plain Black Sattin, Black, English, Figured Silk do., Plaid Sattin, very superb do., Plaid and figured cashmere, Merino and Valentia do., Splendid Tinselled Silk do., for Party and Wedding occasions.
Crivats—Best Black Italian-A great variety of rich colored satin and silk, Madrass and Alpacca do.

ca do.

Gloves, &c., —Very super. gold medal, black
and col'd Kid Gloves, super Fawn Skin do., Handsome dressed Buckskin, best make do., chamols,
lined Berlin, cashmere do., Black, White and col'd

Fine Lambs-wool half hose; a large stock of indershirts, drawers, suspenders, and pocket To all of which we invite the attention of th gentlemen, and request them particularly and respectfully to examine our stock before making their purchases.

MILLER & BRO.

Late Arrivals. BROWN and loaf sugars, of all qualities; Tea, coffee, molasses, pine-apple and other cheese

Boots, Shoes, Hats and Caps, A large stock, suitable to the season. Cooking Stoves, of first rate patterns and different sizes, with fixtures complete.

Castings and Hollow-ware.
Fulled and Plaid Linseys, Tweeds and Heavy Flannels.

WM. R. SEEVERS,

Summit Point, Oct. 15, 1847. The Gentlemen

WILL find at GIBSON & HARRIS'S— Super Blue, Blk & Brown French Cloths, Tweeds, Cloths for overcoats, Black French Cassimeres, Fancy 3-4 and 6-4 French do. Vestings, a great variety, Cravats of all kinds, Gloves, Kid, Silk and Woolen, Suspenders, Socks, and in fact every article that is necessary for their apparel. October 15.

Thread, Bobbin & Lisle Edging. WE have on hand a good supply of very nice Thread, Bobbin Edgings and Laces, French worked Collars, some very fine, Linen Cambrick Hdkfs., Extra Goods, Silk Fringes, Buttons, &c.
Oct. 15. GIBSON & HARRIS.

Reinhardt's Trusses. BEAR it in mind, that you can get all sizes and descriptions of the above, at the Drug Store of E. M. FLINT.

Fancy Soaps. A GREAT variety of French and American of all kinds, can be had of Oct. 8. T. M. FLINT. DOMESTICS.—75 pieces Bleached Cotton

DOMESTICS.—75 pieces Bleached Cotton
10 to 20 cents,
1. Bale 4-4 Brown Cotton, 1 do. plain,
20 pieces fine Brown Cotton,
Cotton Flannels, brown and bleached,
10 pieces Cotton Bagging, Bags ready-made,
Brown and Bleached Sheetings 12-4 wide,
Pillow-case Cotton, Bed Tickings, all prices,
Checks, Domestic Ginghams, Cotton Battlings,
Wadding, with many other goods in the domestic order, making the stock large and complete.
Oct. 15. Ginson & Harris.

1848 HAGERSTOWN AND FAR-large assortment of School Books, such as are used in the soveral schools in this place. Steel Pens, Paper, Music, Preceptors, Fortune-telling and conversatio cards, Motto Seals, &c. Oct. 15. THOMAS RAWLINS.

Oct. 15. THOMAS RAWLINS.

Oct. 15. THOMAS RAWLINS.

NK.—Superior Writing Ink; Indellible do., best, Kidder's make. For sale by Oct. 15. THOMAS RAWLINS.

D. R. JAYNES' Expectoraut, Hair Tonica Carminitive Balsam and Worm Destroyer, is kept by T. M. FLINT, Druggist.
October 8, 1847.

Today Cutlery, very cheap.
Oct. 8.

T. RAWLIES. PAINTS.—Linsced Oil, White lead, Chrome Green and Yellow, Copal and Japan Varnish Spirits Turpentine, &c., cheap for cash or wood at T. M. FLINT'S Drug Store. Oct. 8.

NK.—Superior Writing Ink; Indelible do-best—Kidder's make. For sale by Oct. 8. E. S. TATE.

WINDOW GLASS.—8 by 10; 10 by 12; 10 by 15; 11 by 18; 12 by 18; Putty; White Lead ground in oil, Chrome Green, for sale by Oct. 8. KEYES & KEARSLEY.

FRESH PORTER, in bottles, just received by Oct. 8. T. M. FLINT.

CIGARS.—Genuine Imported Cheroots, Gen.
Taylor, Palo Alto, Prussia Regalia, Plantation, Lord Byron, Ladies Royal, La Norma, together with a large assortment of old Cigars on
land. I think I can suit the most fastidious in
Cigars, Tobacco and Snuff.

Oct. 15.

T. RAWLINS.

SADDLERY.—Just opened, a large and beau-tiful assortment of new pattern plated steel stirrups and bridle bits, spurs, buckles, satchel and trank locks, curb chains, awis, collar and saddler's needles, cowhides, whips, &c.
Oct. 15.
T. RAWLINS.

GIBSON & HARRIS have received a large and general stock of Ladies Goods, selected from the latest and most fashionable styles in the Philadelphia Market. They request a call from the Ladies as they feel assured their stock is equal October 15, 1847.

DIAPER.—Bleached Linen Table Diaper; Cotten do.; Linen Napkins, &c. Oct. 8. E. S. TATE.

Cet. 8. E. S. TATE.

East India Hair Dye,
FOR COLORING THE HAIR PERFECTLY BLACK OR BROWN.

THIS preparation will color the coarsest red
or grey hair the most beautiful black or
brown. There is no mistake about the article at
all, if used according to directions; it will do what
is said of it. Out of ten thousand bottles that have
been used, not one has been brought back or any
fault found with it.

Sold wholesale by Cunstock & Co., 21 Corlland street, New York, and by
J. H. BEARD & Co., Charlestown,
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry.

TIGHT.—Lanthrons and Lard Lamps.

LIGHT.—Lanthrone and Lard Lamps.
T. RAWLINS.

FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS.

J. H. KINNINGHAM has just received from plained and illustrated, so that he can Cut in the most fashionable and tasteful manner, all garments entrusted to him. Having had considerable experience, and advantages inferior to no one in the county, he feels a degree of confidence in soliciting a share of the custom of the town and vicinity. Pledging himself to exert all his energies to please the public taste, he unconditionally warrants all garments cut by him to fit. He respectfully invites all to give him a trial.

Charlestown, Sept. 24, 1847.

N. B.—All kinds of country produce taken in payment for work. Corn, Wheat or Flour would not be refused.

NEW HARDWARE STORE.

NEW HARDWARE STORE. THE undersigned having associated themselves for the prosecution of the Hardware Business, are prepared to offer their friends and all who may call on them an Entire New Stock, which has been selected with the greatest care, from the European and American Manufacturers.

Our Stock, in part, comprises the following articles, viz:

Gur Stock, in part, comprises the following artidles, viz:

Knives, Scissors, Needles, Razors, Saws, Axes, Files, Locks, Hinges, Bolts, Screws, Guns, Curtain Bands, Tea Trays, Fire Irons, Cast Pots, Ovens, Kettles, Spades, Shovels, Scythes, Rakes, Forks, Chains, Nails, Iron, Steel, Tin, Wire, Copper, Zinc, Lead, Lead Pipe, Pumps, Hydraulic Rams, &c.; Stoves, Grates, Anvils, Vices, Bellows, Harness and Saddlery Mountings; Eliptic Springs and Axles, varranted; Patent Leather, Painted Cloth, Coach Lace, Lamps, Hubs, Bows, Hub-bands, Mallable Castings, and all Goods usually kept in Hardware Stores, which we offer wholesale and retail at our new Granile front Ware-houses, sign of the Gill Plans, at the Southeast corner of Bridge and High streets. Entrance, first door from the corner in either street.

MUNCASTER & DODGE.

Georgetown, D. C., March 5, 1847.

Scales, Scales! Scales!!

Marden's Patent Improved Platform and Counter Scales.

Manufactory Corner of South Charles and Balder ston Streets, Baltimore. ALL persons in want of Weighing Apparatus,
Athat is desirable, correct and cheap, can be supplied at my establishment with promptness.—
I warrant every article manufactured, equal, if not superior, to any others in this country, and at prices so low that every purchaser shall be satisfied. Beams and Platforms, from the heaviest tonnage to the most minute Gold and Assayer's Balance, always on hand.

Country Merchants, &c., are particularly invited to call and examine for themselves, or send their orders, which shall be attended to with despatch.

Baltimore, March 5, 1847—1y.

Baltimore, March 5, 1847-1y. Pratt's Patent Artificial Nipple, Breast Pump,



A SUPPLY of the above ceived and for sale by JOHN P. BROWN. SUPPLY of the above valuable articles re Charlestown, Aug. 27, 1847.

Marble Establishment. THE subscribers beg leave, most respectfully, to announce to the citizens of Jefferson and the surrounding counties, that they have opened a MARBLE VARD

in Charlestown, a few doors West of the Post Office, on the opposite side, where they will be prepared at all times, to furnish Monuments, Tombs, Head and Foot Stones, and all other articles in

their line.
All orders thankfully received and punctually attended to.
ANDERSON & RING.
Charlestown, August 6, 1847—6m.

CASH FOR NEGROES. THE subscriber is anxious to purchase a large number of Negroes, of both sexes, sound and likely. Persons having Negroes to dispose of, will find it to their interest to give him a call before selling, as he will pay the very highest cash prices.

He can be seen at the Berkeley Courts, at Martinsburg, on the second Monday, and at Berryville on the fourth Monday in each month, and usual-

ly at his residence in Charlestown.
All letters addressed to him will be prompt attended to.
WILLIAM CROW. Charlestown, Nov. 20, 1846-tf.

Wheat and Corn Wanted. THE subscribers are anxious to purchase any number of Bushels of Wheat and Corn, for L number of Bushels of Wheat and Corn, for which they will pay the highest Cash price on delivery; or, if the farmers prefer it, they will haul it from their Barns, as they keep teams for that purpose. Farmers, look to your interest, and give us a call before you dispose of your produce.

M. H. & V. W. MOORE.

The Plaster, Salt, Fish, Tar, &c. always onh and to exchange with the farmers for their produce.

Old Farnace, Febuary 26, 1847.

DR. SWAYNE'S Compound Syrup of Wild Cherry.
THE GREAT REMEDY FOR
CONSUMPTION,

CON SUM PTION,

Colds, Coughs, Spitting of Blood, Bronchitis, Difficulty of Breathing, Ashma, Pain in the Side and Breast, Whooping Cough, Croup, and all Disorders of the Liter, and Lungs, Broken Constitutes, acquired a celebrity which can never be shaken by the many quack "Nostruns" with which the country abounds. The public are fast learning that this is the only remedy that can be relied upon for the speedy and permanent cure of all Diseases of the Lung. It is literally sweeping Consumption from the land; wherever it is introduced and becomes known, all others dwindle into insignificance. The public have been "humbugged" long enough, and now resurt to a medicine which the testimony of the most eminent physicians in the land has placed beyond the reach of criticism.—It requires no bolstering up, by publishing columns of forged Certificates—but it is enough to let the public know where it can be obtained, and one trial will convince all of its great efficiency in curing those distressing diseases above named, which have builted the skill of the most learned practitioners for ages heretofore.

Dis. SWAYNE'S COMPOUND SYRUP OF WILD CHERRY was the first preparation from that valuable tree which was ever introduced to the public, and umple proof is afforded of its success by the country being flooded with "Balsams," "Candies," and "Mixtures, of Wild Cherry, not one of which is prepared by a regular physician, although they have assumed the names of respeciable physicians to give currency to their "Nostruna." Therefore the public should be on their guard, and not have a worthless mixture palmed upon them for the original and genuies preparation, which is only prepared by DR. SWAYNE, N. W. corner of Eighth and Race streets, Philadelphia.

IEERRY S. FORNEY, AGENT.

Shepherdstown, July 2, 1847—cowly.

Cloths, Cassimeres and Vestings.

DLACK, Blue, Brown and Grey Cloths.

B. 6-4 Tweeds and Twilled Cloths, for Overcoats, 3-4 and 6-4 Cassimeres.
Black Sattin, Silk and Embroidered and Plaid,
Cassimere Vestings, all of the finest French.
All of the above bought under the most favorable circumstances, and will be sold very cheap.
Oct. 22. CRANE & SADLER.

CARPETING.—Figured Carpeting, Rag do.

BALTIMORE TRADE. LAWRENCE B. BECKWITH, EDUCAR & REOLUT

Commission Merchant,

No. 22 Commerce Street, Baltimore. REFER TO H. Keyes, Esq.,
T. H. & W. B. Willis,
Jno. R. Flagg, Esq.,
Jas. L. Ranson, Esq.,
Lewis Fry & Co., Berkeley Co., Va.
G. H. Beckwith & Co., Middleway, Va.
Jno. K. White, Esq., Shepherdstown, Va.
Baltimore, Sept. 17, 1847.

WALTER CROOK, Jr.,

UPHOLSTERER AND PAPER HANGER,
220 Baltimore street, near Charles, Baltimore,

EEPS constantly in store a large and general assertment of Upholstery Goods, Curtain Materials, French and American Paper Hangings.
Also makes to order Bed and Window Curtains, Cushions, Carpets, Feather Beds and Matresses.

Baltimore, July 16, 1847—19*

DIX'S COLUMBIA HOUSE, South Charles Street, opposite German Street, BALTIMORE, MD.

THIS HOUSE being located in the immediate vicinity of the Railroad Depot makes it a desirable Situation for Travellers.
Terms per day \$1,25 cts.
July 16, 1847—6m.

LEWIS A. METTEE, MERCHANT TAILOR, NO. 13 LIGHT STREET,

(Near Fogg's & Thurston's Fountain Hotel.) GENTLEMEN'S Garments made in a superior manner. Making, Cutting and Trimming done on reasonable terms, with neatness and

Baltimore, July 16, 1847-6m. A PHILLIPS & CO., BEDOLLAT THABOREM M. Corner of Baltimore and Charles streets,

HAVE constantly on hand an extensive assortment of superior Ready-made Clothing.

Gentlemen in want of fashionable Garments will find at this Establishment one of the best supplies in the city, at the lowest prices for eash.

The Garments made to order, in the most fash-

onable style, and warranted to please. ionable style, and warranted to please.

ONE PRICE ONLY.

Their facilities for purchasing and manufacturing their goods are very advantageous, having one of the firm residing East, which enables them to have early and constant supplies of all SEASONABLE AND FASHIONABLE GOODS.

With the arrangements they have made, and their long experience in the business, they can with confidence assure the public that they are prepared to sell at the lowest prices for CASH.

Baltimore, July 16, 1847—1y.

TURNER & MUDGE, WHOLESALE DEALERS IN PAPER WHOLESALE BRANCH
OF all descriptions.
Printing and Writing Inks, Bleaching Powders, Russia Skins, &c.
The Cash paid for Rags.
No. 3, South Charles Street, Baltimore.
June 11, 1847—1y.

JAMES M. HAIG,

No. 133 Baltimore Street, Baltimore,
SIGN OF THE GOLD TASSEL,
MPORTER and Manufacturer of Fringes,
Tassels, Gimps, Odd Fellows' and Masonic
Regalia, Flags, Banners, &c. Dealer in Buttons,
Tailors' Trimmings, Cords, &c. Fancy Goods in
every variety, wholesale and retail.

LT All orders promptly attended to.
Baltimore, Feb. 5, 1847—1y*

STOVE WARE-HOUSE.



Among hundreds of certificates, it is deemed necessary only to offer the following least the following low scale of prices. Persons not visiting the cast, and they may depend on having a good article sent:

No. 1 Albany Cook, taking 18 inch wood, with all the fixtures complete.

No. 2 do do 20 inch.

No. 3 do do do 25 " 25 00 No. 3 do do do 25 " 25 00 No. 3 do do do 25 " 25 00 No. 3 do do do 25 " 25 00 No. 2 "Louis" Parlor Stoves, new style, 10 college and tree and the dollege and the local and the matter and the conflict between my stomach and following low scale of prices. Persons not visiting the cast, and they may depend on having a good article sent:

No. 2 do do 25 " 25 00 No. 2 "Louis" Parlor Stoves, new style, 10 college and the local and t

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

THE subscriber most respectfully informs the public, that he keeps constantly on hand a general assortment of Parlor and Cooking Stoves, of the most approved patterns.—He is now manufacturing and receiving a splendid assortment of Air-tight Stoves, for parlors and chambers. He has recently obtained a Patent for a Ventilating Air-tight Stove, which keeps up a constant circulation of air in the room, and when the Stove is closed up, the ventilator is opened at the same time, and the close, oppressive air passes off through the ventilator, and the same pleasant, healthy heat is produced as from a fire-place or open Stove. He is sole agent for Pierce's American Air-tight Cook Stove, the best offered in this market. There are five sizes, for coal or wood. House keepers and farmers should by all means examine this superior Cooking Stove. There is a great saving of fuel, and the oven possesses an advantage over almost any other kind of Stove now in use. It is very large, and the top being fire-brick, the moisture is absorbed during baking, and combines the advantages both of a Brick oven and a Cook Stove. He keeps, also, Air-tight Cooking Rangers, and a superior assortment of Grates for fire-places. Also puts up Furnaces for heating dwellings, banks, churches, stores, &c.

S. B. SEXTON,
July 16, 1847—6m. 119 Lombardsi., Ralt.

A KES-Chopping Axes of superior quality warranted for 30 days-for sale cheap.
Oct. 15. E. S. TATE,

BICHARD PARKER. ATHORN BY AT LAW,

AS resigned the office of Paymaster of the
U. S. Armory at Harpers-Ferry, and will
a future devote himself exclusively to his profes-

He will attend the several Courts of Jefferson Clarke, Frederick, Hampshire and Morgan. Charlestown, May 28, 1847—6m.

(LATE OF WASHINGTON CITY, D. C.,)

HAVING permanently established himself in
Charlestown, profiers his services to the
public. He can be found, either day or night, at
his office or at Carter's Hotel, unless profession-

ally engaged.
Office one door from Mr. J. H. Beard's dwelling ouse.

E. Operations on the teeth performed by apointment only.

June 4, 1847—6m.

At Harpers-Ferry.

THE undersigned has the pleasure to announce to the public that he has for sale, a large assortment of FURNITURE DEPOT

sortment of BEAUTIFUL FURNITURE,
Such as Sofas, Bureaus, Tables, Chairs, Mattresses, Bedsteads, Looking Glasses, &c. all of which he will soil at very reduced prices. These articles are manufactured in Alexandria, of the best materials, and in the best manner, with the aid of machinery, and under such favorable circumstances as enables him to assure the public that they are better and handsomer, and will be sold cheaper, than any made in this quarter of the country. Those who have been in the habit of supplying themselves from the Alexandria establishment, are particularly invited to call and see the articles now offered.

Call and examine before you purchase else-

Call and examine oefore you purchase else where.

UT UNDERTAKING, and Repairing of all kinds of Furniture, attended to promptly.

JOHN R. ZIMMERMAN.

Harpers-Ferry, April 30, 1847-6m. Valuable Jefferson Land for Sale.

THE subscriber being desirous of removing to the South, offers for sale his Valuable Landed Estate, situated three miles North West of Charlestown, (the seat of Justice for Jefferson county, Va.,) within half a mile of the Winchester and Potomac Railroad, and the Smithfield and Harpers-Ferry Turnpike, and also within four Miles of Kerney's Depot, on the Baltimore and Ohio Railroad,

Containing 600 Acres.
The Impromements consist of a commodious BRICK.

DWELLING HOUSE, DWELLING HOUSE,
containing eleven rooms. The Outbuildings consist of a Smoke-house,
Negro Houses, Stabling, &c.
There is a great variety of

TIVAT EDICED rowing and yielding upon the Estate esides every variety of Ornamental Trees grow-

Dyspeptic Cordial,
For Dyspepsia, Sick Head-Ache, Sick-Stomach,
Cramp Cholic, Rheumatism, &c., &c.
Among hundreds of certificates, it is deemed
necessary only to offer the following:

offer the following low scale of prices. Persons not visiting the city can order per letter, enclosing the cash, and they may depend on having a good article sent:

No. 1 Albany Cook, taking 18 inch wood, with all the fixtures complete.

No. 2 do do 20 inch, 15 00 No. 3 do do 22 " 17 00 No. 4 de do 24 " 20 00 No. 5 do do 25 " 25 00 No. 5 do do 25 " 25 00 No. 5 do do 25 " 26 00 No. 3 do do do 12 00 No. 3 do do do 12 00 No. 3 do do do 26 in. 12 00 No. 3 do do do 26 in. 12 00 No. 4 do do do 26 in. 12 00 No. 4 do do do 26 in. 12 00 No. 4 do do do 26 in. 12 00 Small Bituminous Coal Stoves 6 00 Large do do 10 00 Large do do 10 00 Sheet Iron Air-tights from four to eight dollars, which give a quick and regular heat, and are most desirable Stoves for chambers.

Six-plate Air-tights from four to eight dollars; which give a quick and regular heat, and are most desirable Stoves for chambers.

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STOVES, STOVES.

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL.

The subscriber most respectfully informs the public, that he keeps constantly on hand a general assoriment of Parlor and Cook.

The four the fixtures to an alarning degree. Your Dyspectic Cordial deserves more than a passing in treesing nature; and the conflict between my stomatics, and treesing nature; and the conflict between my stomature; and ture after time throwing in treesing nature; and the conflict between my stomature; and ture after time

is correct.
For sale by
J. P. BROWN, Ag't,
Charlestown,
THOMAS TROMAS,
May 28, 1847—6m.
Halltown.

Country Racon.

1,000 LBS. best Country cured Bacon,
Oct. 1, 1847.

E. M. AISQUITH.

G. UM Elastic Tobacco Wallets—a new article
for keeping Tobacco moist. Also, Gum
Elastic Teething Rings, Money Belts, Door
Springs, Eraseurers, &c., just received by
Oct. 8.

T. RAWLINS.

BRUSHES—Hair, Cloth, Comb, Tooth, Nail, Paint, Dust, Sweep, Varnish and Miller's Brushes. Sash Tools, &c., just received and for sale by T. M. FLINT.

A SUPERIOR article of Jamaica Ginger, (white.) White Pepper, White Mustard seed &c., for pickleing, just received and for sale by Oct. 8.

T. M. FLINT.

SOAPS.—Fancy soaps; military do—a superior article for shaving. Also shaving boxes with glasses in them, only 12] cents.
Oct. 8. E. S. TATE. PATENT Pumps and Lead Pips, for sale by Oct. 15.

THIS Medicine is warranted, on oath, not to contain a particle of Calomel, Corrosive Sublimate, Arsenic, Chloride of Gold, or any deleteriona minerals.

The principle upon which this medicine acts, is by assisting and harmonizing with nature; it drives out all foul acrimonious humors from the blood and body, and by assimilating with and strengthening the gastric juice of the stomach, it assists digestion; in short there is not a vein, artery, muscle or nerve in the human body, that is not strengthened by the Paracza, and it also possesses the remarkable property of removing mercury from the bones and joints. FOR ERUPTIONS OF THE SKIN,
Scurvy, Scorbutic Affections, Tumors, Scrofula or
King's Evil, White Swellings, Erysipelas, Ulcers,
Cancers, Running Sores, Scabs and Biles, time
and a determined perseverance in Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea, will effect a cure.

DR. SWEETZER'S PANACEA.

FOR INDIGESTION,
Rejection of food, Nausea, Vomitings, Nervous affections, Bilious complaints, Head-ache, Paleness, or Female Irregularities, Dr. SWEETZER'S PANACEA will soon effect a cure; but if obstinate, or attended with griping, flying pains, the does should be increased, and the cure will soon be effected. Let not the patients frighten themselves with the idea that they are too weak to take much medicine; but bear in mind that this mildly operating medicine puts not weakness into the irame, but most certainly draws weakness out, leaves strength in its place, and by giving composed sieep at night, and an appetite for any kind of food, re-animates the whole frame with vigorous action, improving the mind and clearing the sight.

SCROFULA AND GLANDULAR AFFECTIONS.

Scrofula is said to be hereditary, the infant reliciving from its parents the seeds of this disease, which increases with its years, if neglected and not subjected to frequent purification with Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea. The glands are placed in the corners of the body, and out of the way of direct communication; their real use is a subject on which much difference of opinion prevails; it suffices us to know that when in a diseased state, they are capable of being purified and cleansed by a long course of Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea, which restores them to sound and proper action. Scrofulous persons can never pay too much attention to their blood, its purification should be their first thought, for after a long course of perseverance they will even cure hereditary disease.

ance they will even cure hereditary disease.

In case of Jaundice, Ashma, Liver complaints, Tic Doloreux, Rhenmatism or Rheumatic Gout, Dr. Sweetzen's Paracea cannot be too highly extolled; it searches out the very root of the disease, and by removing it from the blood, makes a cure certain and permanent.

For diseases of the Bladdor and Kidneys, Strictures, Gravel, Stone, Piles, Fistula, Urinary Obstructions and Extreme Costiveness, Dr. Sweetzen's Paracea is the best remedy ever tried; it removes all those acrimonious humors from the blood which give rise to the above diseases, and by keeping the blood in a pure condition, insures health.

For Dropsy, Falling of the Bowels, Impurities of Blood, Mercurial Taint, Weakness of the Spine, Flow of blood to the head, Giddiness, Singing or Buzzing noise in the head and ears, Dr. Sweetzen's Panacea will give certain relief; in all severe and chronic cases, the patients cannot be too often reminded that larger doses and perseverance will effect a cure.

In Chills and fevers, bilious fever, affections of the eyes and ears, spongy and bleeding gums,

besides every variety of Ornamental Trees growing in the yard.

The Dwelling commands a beautiful view of the Blue Ridge and North Mountains, and is very healthy, but lew cases of sickness having ever occurred, arising from its local situation. The land is of the best limestone. From its location,—being convenient to all the improvements, so that all the produce raised upon the farm can be easily conveyed to market at little expense,—this estate is one of the most desirable in the county.

This land can be divided into two farms, giving both wood and water to cach.

The subscriber respectfully invites a call from those desirous of purchasing land, as he is prepared to accept a price that would make the purchase a valuable investment, even as a speculation, to any disposed to engage in such an enterprise. To a gentleman of fortone, who desires a country residence, an opportunity is now offered rarely to be met with.

Near Charlestown, Jefferson Co., Va., December 18, 1846.

Doctors Dresbuch, Kuhn & Pryors Dyspeptic Cordini,

For Dyspepsia, Sick Head-Ache, Sick-Stomach, Cramp Cholic, Rheumatism, &c., &c.

Among hundreds of certificates, it is deemed necessary only to offer the following:

DISEASES OF THE LUNGS—CONSUMPTION.

DISEASES OF THE LUNGS-CONSUMPTION This is a very prevalent and fatal disease; if results mostly from neglected coughs, colds, and bronchitis, also from improper treatment in many other cases, such as measels, fevers, inflamations other cases, such as measels, fevers, inflamations and small pox, and a host of other badly treated diseases; where the cause, instead of having been thoroughly removed from the blood and body, have only been palliated or removed from one part to break out in another. By divesting your bodies from all foul humors, through the medium of Dr. Sweetzer's Paracea, the cure is at once readered certain and permanent. Recollect while there is acrimonious humors floating in the circulation, it is as apt to settle on the lungs as any other part of the body; this is the reason that consumption is so prevalent.

Which you see on the exterior, come from, and have their source in, the interior, and might just as well have settled on your lungs, liver, or any other part; which we know they frequently do; and produce most violent inflamatory disorders. The humor which occasions these sores is of a highly acrimonious burning nature. We know it: from the pain it gives in forming, and afterwards from its rapidly ulcerating and corroding the flesh and skin of the part where it breaks out. This shows the necessity of frequently purifying the blood with Dr. Sweetzer's Paracea, and keeping such malignant humors in subjection. Should you have a bile or ulcer, be thankful that naturehas taken the trouble to warn you of the danger your life and body is in, for it is a warning that the blood is foul. Had this same acrimony selected the lungs instead of the surface of your body for its seat, consumption of the lungs would have been the consequence. Delay not then to purify and cleanse with Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea.

Spinal affections, enlargement of the bones and joints, white awellings, hip joint complaint, ruptures, falling of the bowels and womb disease, will find a speedy cure in Dr. Sweetzer's Paracela. Where the disease has been of long standing, the time required to make a cure will be longer, but the patient may rest assured that a determined perseverance will effect it.

BRONCHITIS, ASTHMA AND DISEASES OF THE

These diseases proceed from the seriosity oscorrupt humors of the blood, having settled itself
on the threat and lungs, and stopped them up, ao.
that they cannot draw sufficient air in for respiration. Dr. Sweetzer's Panacea will give immediate relief, and to make the cure perfect and certain, it should be continued some time after, tofree the system from all bad humors.

DR. SWEETSER'S PANACEA, being composed only of a vegetable matter, or medicinal
herbs, and warrented, on oath; as containing not
one particle of mercurial, mineral, or chemicalsubstances, is found to be perfectly harmless tothe most tender age, or the weakest frame, under
any stage of human suffering.

Price 21 per bottle, or six bottles for 25. Forsale wholesale and retail, at the corner of Charles
and Prott Streets, Baltimors. Also for sale by,
Thos. M. FLINT, Successor to J. H.

Beard, Charlestown,
A. M. CRIDLER, Harpers-Ferry,
JOSEPH ESTLER, Shepherdstown,
Donsey & Bowley, Winchester.

October 1, 1647—cowly.

Poetrn.

Alas, for thee! gem of the wave!
Alas, for thine ancient renown!
Thy children are wearing the yoke of the slave,
And bow to the sceptre and crown!
The lustre that cheered thee of yore
Is dinmed in the light of the grave;
And darkness o'erbroudeth thy desulate shore—
Alas, for thee! gem of the wave!

Alas, for thee! "Erin go bragh!"
The days of thy glory are o'er:
The glimmering light which the patriot saw,
With rapture intense, is no more!
Ah! where are the days of thy pride,
When the tyrant beheld thee with awe.
Ah! how art thou now in thy weakness defied.
Alas, for thee! Erin go bragh!

Alas, for thee! hone of my heart,
Where the bones of my ancesters sleep:
Ince the last hope of thy freedom depart,
Oh, Emerald lale of the deep!
Had Columbia bowed to the chain,
She long might have been what thou art;
But she rose like a giant, and rent it in twain 3
Thou wearest it—home of my heart,

Alas, for thee! Isle of the deep!
Thy musical harp is unstrung;
Thy halls are descried, thy patriots sleep,
Thy dear thrilling songs are unsung!
The shamrock droops over a tomb
Where freedom shall silently weep,
Till the star of her destiny breaks through
And illumines the isle of the deep!
Vicksburg, August, 1817.

Miscellancous.

During his absence, to the surprise of her family and friends, her spirits, disposition, pursuits, and even health, underwent a remarkable change—All at once sie seemed to have lost all relish for society, and for these amusements which formerly afforded her such keen gratification, while her countenance occasionally here traces of care any countenance occasionally bore traces of care any mental suffering. Her parents became uneasy on her account, and with great difficulty prevailed upon her last summer to visit one of the fashiona-ble watering places in the neighborhood of this watering places in the neighborhood of this.
While absent, and since her return, she reble watering places in the neighborhood of this city. While absent, and since her return, she received several highly advantageous offers of marriage. To the surprise of her family and acquaintances, these offers were coldly, promptly, and decidedly rejected. Thus matters stood, until about a week ago, when she accidentally picked up a newspaper which contained a list of the killed and wounded in the battles which preceded the occupation of the Mexican Capital by our victorious troops. Among the first in the list of the killed, her eye fell upon the name of her betrothed. A glance—and what a world of agony was concentrated in that glance—was enough! Uttering one sharp, shuddering, piercing shriek, she fell fainting to the floor. Her father and mother, who were present, rushed to her assistance in the greatest alarm, and strove, half distracted, to restore her to consciousness. She soon revived, but revived to feel that blight of the heart which knows no cure. What cared she that the tide of battle had favored our arms—that victory perched on our banners—that the stars and stripes were waving triumphantly over the proad Capitol of the Aziecs? Her betrothed—her life—her light—her love—her idol, upon whose altar she had brought the virgin affections of her true heart, was gone—gone to her forever! May she in this her hour of trial turn to Him who chasteneth because He lovelh, and who can bring solace to the bruised heart if II le is soucht aright!

bruised heart if He is sought aright! SENTIMENTAL SUIGIDE.—A man will ately cut his throat at Dublin left the following letter, written the day before he committed the suicide: Dustin, August 26, 1847.

When true hearts lie withered,
And fond ones are flown,
Oh, who could inhabit
This cold world alone! This cold world alone!

After years spent in a distant country I return to my own, and find the affections of my kindred withered and decayed, when I thought to meet with them as fresh and as green as those within my own breast. I am annoyed with the petty chicanery and trickery of the world. Every man suspects the restof the world to be endeavoring to deceive him. There is no sincerity in it. I have seen too much of mankind ever to expect to be happy in this world. I will therefore try what sort of place is the next. I know it will be said that I labor under temporary insanity; on the contrary, I never was so perfectly sane in my life. I know I have been a sinner, but I have every dependence in the mercy of the great God.—Some would be philosophers have said that suicide is cowardly. What cur would impeach Cato with cowardice? Some creature that dare not cide is cowardly. What cur would impeach Cato with cowardice? Some creature that dare not prick his flesh with a pin to escape from the most degrading slavery. I wish I had an opportunity of staking my life in the service of my country, but as I have not, I hope God will pardon me for thus disposing of ir. To two dear friends, from whom I could have expected but little sympathy or affection, I am indebted for the most sincere and genuine kindness; I sincerely thank them; they will understand that I allude to them. Farewell, my dear friends, farewell. If my opinions of mankind are unjust, I crave pardon; I have my own share of faults, and should deal lightly with others.—Matthew Nugent. To the public, if the public like to read it.

mankind are unjust, I crave pardon; I have my own share of faults, and should deal lightly with others.—Matthew Nugent. To the public, if the public like to read it.

Character Indicated by the Laudh.—Ilow much of character is there in a laugh?—You know no man till you have heard him laugh.—There are occasions—there are humors, when a man with whom we have been long familiar shall quite startle and repel us, by breaking out into a laugh, which comes manifestly right from his heart, and which we had never yet heard before. Even in fair ladies, with whom I have been much pleased, I have remarked the same thing. As in many a heart a sweet angel slumbers onseen till some happy moment awakes it, so there sleeps often in gracious and amiable character, deep in the back ground, a quite vulgar spirit, which starts into life when something rudely comical penetrates into the less frequented chambers of the mind.—Blackwood's Magazine.

A Wedern Editor says he has no chiesting.

A Western Editor says he has no objection to taking wood in payment for subscriptions to his unper, but that he hates, after one of his subscribers has left a load of wood before the door in the day time, for him to come and steal it all back at

As Forres Husen.—Married, on the Soth, ult, William H. Chandler, Editor of the Evans. prices.

STOVES.—A few Stoves just received at low prices.

E. M. AISQUITH.

Oct. 22, 1847

AGENTS

The following gentlemen have kindly consented to ac as agents for our paper, and will forward money for sub-scriptions, &c., or receive any additional names to ou list that can be precured. The present is a favorabl time for advancing our enterprise, and we hope those wh may feel an interest in its success, will give us their aid

WM. J. STEPHENS, Harpers-Ferry;
JOHN G. WILSON, do
SOLOMON STALEY, Shiepherdshown;
WM. or JANER BURR. Elk Branch;
JOHN GOOK, Zion Church;
WM. RONEMOUS OF ADAM LINK, Sen., Union Scho

House;
GEORGE E. MOORE. Old Furnace;
JOHN H. SMITHOF W. J. BURWELL, Smithfield;
EDWIN A. REILY, Summit Point;
DOLFHIN DREW OF S. HEFLESOWER, Kabletown;
Dr. J. J. JANNEY, Wade's Depot;
JACOD ISLEE OF THOS. W. REYNOLDS, Berryville;
WM. A. CASTLEMAN, Snicker's Ferry;
WM. TIMBERLAKE OF J. O. COYLE, Brucetown, Fredrick County.

rick county;
HENRY F. BAKER, Winchester;
Col. WM. HARMISON or WM. G. CATLETT,

Col. WM. HARMISON OF WM. G. CATLETT, Bath Morgan county;
JOHN H. LIKENS, Martinsburg;
GEORGE W. BRADFIELD, Suickersville;
J. P. MEGEATH, Philemont, Londoun county;
WM. A. STEPHENSON, Upperville, Fauquier county;
JOHN BURKITT, Hillsborough, Loudoun county;
GEORGE GILBERT, Romney, Hampshire county;
GEORGE GILBERT, Romney, Hampshire county;
GABRIEL JORDAN OF W. BEAR, LURDY, Fage county
Col. ANDREW KEYSER, Hope Mills, do
Capt. PETER PRICE, Springfield, do
MORGAN JOHNSON, Ninevali, Warren county;
JOHN H. P. STONE, Waterford, Londoni county;
— MASSEY, White Post, Clarke county;
Col. — TURNER, Front Royal, Warren county.

ECONOMY IS WEALTH.

THE undersigned have just returned from the Eastern markets with a new and splendid assortment of FALL AND WINTER GOODS assortment of FALL And William and their line, which they are determined to soll at lower rates than any other establishment at Harpers-Ferry, or in Jefferson county, viz:

Black Cloths—French, English and American Dress Cloths, at prices as follows, viz: 2, 2 50, 3, 3,50, 4, 4,50, 5,00, 6,00, 7,00, 8,50, \$10 per varily.

yard.

Blue Cloths—English and American Dress
Cloths, as follows, viz: 2,50, 3,25, 4,00, 5,00, 6,00,
7,00 and 8,00 per yard.

Brown Cloths—English and American Dress

Cloths, as follows: 1,80, 2,25, 3,00, 4,50 and 6,00 per yard.

Incisible Green Cloths—English and American

Dress Cloths as follows: 2,50, 3,50, 4,50, 5,50, 6,50 and 7,00 per yard.

Bearer Cloths—English and American Over Coat Cloths as follows: Plain, Blue, Bluck, Brown and Invisible Green and Drab, at the following prices, viz: 2,00, 2,50, 3,00, 4,00, 4,50 and 5,00 per yard.

Pilot Cloths—American and other Pilot Cloths

as follows, viz: 75 cts., 1,00, 1,50, 2,00 and 2,50 per yard.

Black and Blue Cassimeres—French, English and American Cassimeres as follows, viz: 1,00, 1,25, 1,50, 1,75, 2,00, 2,25, 2,50, 2,75 and 3,00

Domestic and Lambswool Socks, and in short every article usually-kept in a gentlemans' furnishing store. To conclude, we respectfully ask a call from the public, and we pledge ourselves not to be undersold by Jew or Gentile.

STEPHENS & WELLS.

N. B. We have also received the FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS, and are prepared to make up garments at the shortest notice and in the most approved style.

Harpers-Ferry, Oct. 15, 1847.

The Latest Fashions. her hour of trial turn to Him who chasteneth be-cause He lovell, and who can bring solace to the The Eastern Cities with the lastest Fashions

shall be spared on his part to please the most fasti-dious. JOHN R. A. REDMAN. Charlestown, Oct. 15, 1847.

Summit Point, Oct. 15, 1847:

Baim of Columbia-For the Hair.

IRON.—Lately received a large assortment of Iron Tire, Horse Shoe Bars, Nail Rods, emall round and square Rods, Harrow Tooth Iron, &c., which I will sell at reduced prices.

Oct. 29. THOS. BAWLINS.

FALL AND WINTER FASHIONS